

Market Outlook

Whac-A-Mole

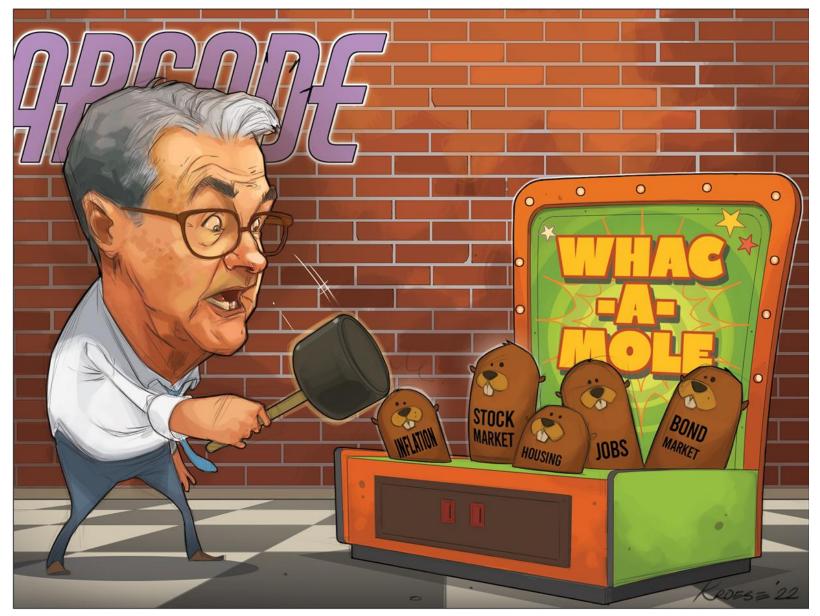
Q4, 2022



When inflation is low, you feel that you know more about the future, and are much more willing to take risks.

- Peter Bernstein, Economist & Author of Against The Gods

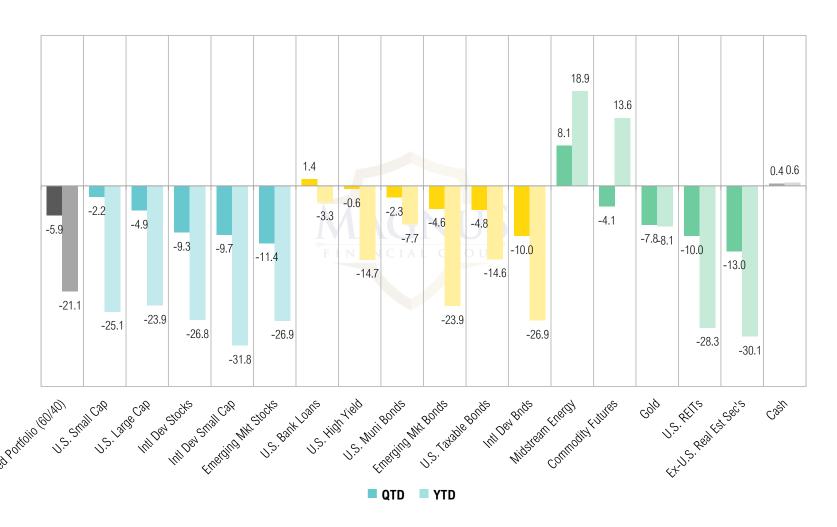








The third quarter was unusually challenging for U.S. investors as both U.S. large cap stocks (-4.9%) and bonds (-4.8%) declined together



Source: Bloomberg. See appendix for asset class and index definitions.





Key themes for 2023

Era of stubbornly higher inflation – higher inflation underpinned by structural constrained labor, housing and energy markets; increased volatility due to stop-and-start policy leading to bouts of disinflation like 1970s.

Structurally lower real growth, with potential stagflation – inflation erodes real growth; high debt levels, poor demographics and sustained deficits will continue to impede growth in Europe, Japan. Based on the shape of the yield curve and recession models, a recession in 2023 is base case.

Consumers spending themselves into a wall – real incomes lagging inflation; U.S. consumer is incrementally exhausting COVID stimulus, increasingly relying on credit to maintain spending; combined hit from slowing economy and rising interest rates spells trouble for 1H22.

Policy will be stop-and-start but mostly restrictive – mostly constrained but potentially also quite contradictory as rolling ad hoc fiscal (and monetary) bailouts frustrates attempts to rein in inflation.

Be patient, wait for pricing to improve or central banks to pivot – bear markets don't bottom until equity valuations get cheap and/or central banks pivot (pause ≠ pivot); market has never bottomed ahead of official start of recession and recession unlikely to start until labor market cracks. This time may be different, but the macro backdrop is challenging enough to err on the side of caution.

Tilt to quality and cash flow — the lesson from prior bubble unwinds is patience. While we are excited about the potential opportunity set in equities, we don't think we are there yet; prefer to "hide out" in areas with strong balance sheets and highest cash flow yields (quality, dividends).

Maintain U.S. emphasis until it is obvious – Foreign stocks have been a value trap for many years; maintain underweights but consider adding to emerging markets when Fed is forced to pivot.





Key themes for 2023 cont.

Paid to wait – finally getting paid to wait; *better* yields on short-term invest. grade bonds reduces the risk of a wait-and-see approach to the rapidly evolving macro, policy and market backdrop, if paired with policy hedges.

Keep duration low – fighting the temptation to increase bond duration because of concerns around path of inflation, Fed's resolve once labor market breaks or U.S. credit event but maintaining modest duration barbell and gold allocation as a hedge against a premature pivot.

Budding opportunity in high yield bonds, other credit – high yield bonds near compelling level on an absolute & relative basis, except in the tails (right tail = early pivot, inflation; left tail = no pivot, severe recession)

Positive-carry policy hedge – midstream energy, gold miners and commodity futures now have positive carry and may provide a hedge if the Fed pivots early. Conversely, these hedges may underperform in a severe recession.

Opportunities emerging in real estate – maintain underweight (held since pandemic demand shock), waiting for dust to settle on migration, demographic, social and now recession-related disruption; expect to deploy in 2023

- **Volatility means opportunity** improved opportunity set for value-biased active managers if volatility persists and higher cost of capital rewards nimble fundamental managers.
- **Opportunity for dynamic asset allocation and active management** a period of stop-and-start growth, inflation, policy and trends in asset markets should benefit dynamic over static asset allocations.



For the first time in decades, we have seen historic job growth, and workers have begun to see wage gains, gains that your prior actions to stabilize the economy helped achieve. Yet, many workers and their families are struggling under the weight of inflation. As you explained in your September 21, 2022, FOMC remarks, "If your family is one where you spend most of your paycheck, every paycheck cycle, on gas, food, transportation, clothing, basics of life, and prices go up the way they've been going up, you're in trouble right away." High inflation affecting household needs such as food, healthcare, and transportation strains middle- and lower-income budgets. The Federal Reserve's tools work to lower inflation by reducing demand for economic activities sensitive to interest rates. However, a family's "pocketbook" needs have little to do with interest rates, and potential job losses brought about by monetary over-tightening will only worsen these matters for the working class.

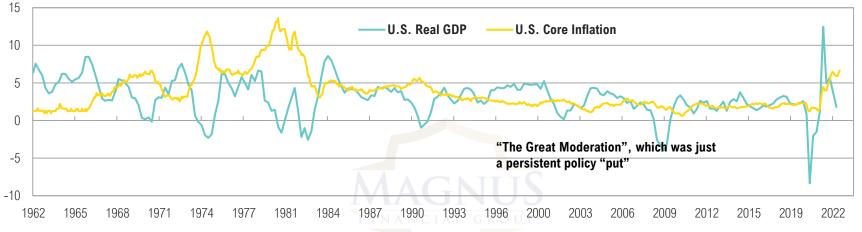
For working Americans who already feel the crush of inflation, job losses will make it much worse. We can't risk the livelihoods of millions of Americans who can't afford it. I ask that you don't forget your responsibility to promote maximum employment and that the decisions you make at the next FOMC meeting reflect your commitment to the dual mandate.

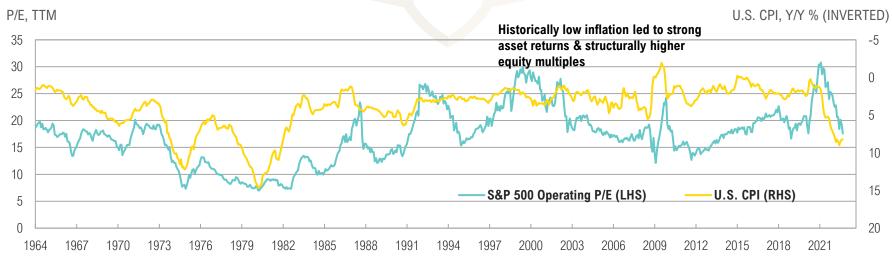
 Sherrod Brown, Chairman U.S. Senate Committee on Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs (October 25, 2022 Letter to Jerome Powell)



With the benefit of hindsight, the "great moderation" was just a persistent policy put resulting from historically low inflation

U.S. REAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH, Y/Y %



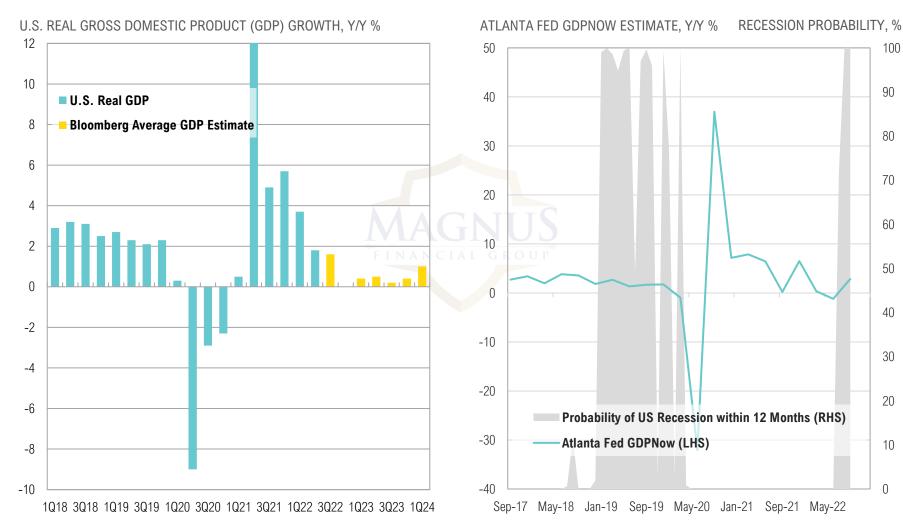


Source: Bloomberg, FRED, Atlanta Fed





Most economic models suggest the potential for recession next year is high, arguably assured



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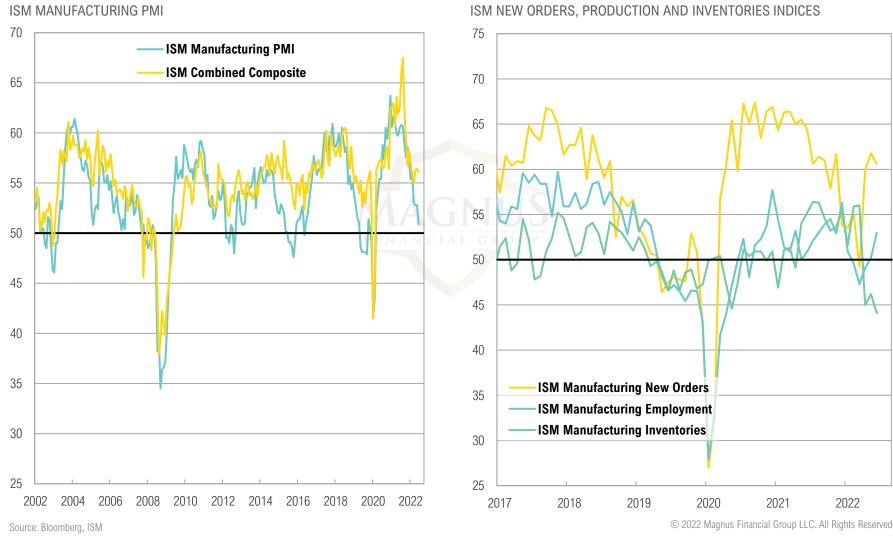
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Source: Bloomberg, FRED, Atlanta Fed



ISM Manufacturing PMI has rolled over; retailers have seen a dramatic increase in inventories; employment expanding in both sectors

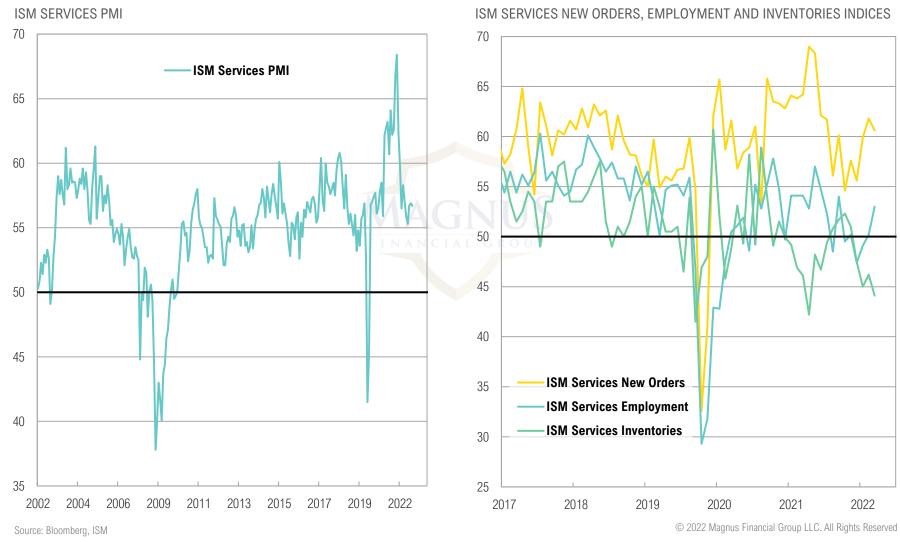


Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





ISM services has also rolled over but in much healthier shape as consumer spending shifts from goods to services; employment expanding in both sectors





Global manufacturing activity dropped in September as emerging market activity contracted while developed market activity stalled further

MANUFACTURING PMIs BY COUNTRY* & REGION, 2017 - CURRENT

	2019 20					2020							2021												2022											
0	ı	N	D	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	S
Global 49.	8 50).3 {	50.1	50.3	47.1	47.3	39.6	42.4	48.0	50.6	51.8	52.4	53.1	53.8	53.8	53.6	54.0	55.0	55.8	56.0	55.5	55.4	54.1	54.1	54.2	54.2	54.3	53.2	53.7	52.9	52.3	52.3	52.2	51.1	50.3	49.8
Developed 48.	6 49	9.5	49.1	49.8	49.6	45.9	36.8	39.5	46.4	49.8	51.2	52.1	52.8	53.8	54.8	55.2	56.5	58.5	59.3	59.8	59.5	59.8	58.3	57.1	56.6	56.9	56.6	56.3	56.6	56.5	56.3	55.0	52.5	51.3	50.3	50.1
Emerging 51.	0 5	1.0	51.0	51.0	44.6	49.1	42.7	45.4	49.6	51.4	52.5	52.8	53.4	53.9	52.8	52.1	51.6	51.3	52.2	52.0	51.2	50.6	49.6	50.8	51.6	51.2	51.7	50.0	50.9	49.2	48.1	49.5	51.7	50.8	50.2	49.4
Developed																																				
U.S. 51.	3 52	2.6	52.4	51.9	50.7	48.5	36.1	39.8	49.8	50.9	53.1	53.2	53.4	56.7	57.1	59.2	58.6	59.1	60.5	62.1	62.1	63.4	61.1	60.7	58.4	58.3	57.7	55.5	57.3	58.8	59.2	57.0	52.7	52.2	51.5	52.0
Canada 51.	2 5	1.4	50.4	50.6	51.8	46.1		40.6	47.8	52.9	55.1	56.0	55.5	55.8	57.9	54.4	54.8	58.5	57.2	57.0	56.5	56.2	57.2	57.0	57.7	57.2	56.5	56.2	56.6	58.9	56.2	56.8	54.6	52.5	48.7	49.8
Japan 48.	4 48	3.9	48.4	48.8	47.8	44.8	41.9	38.4	40.1	45.2	47.2	47.7	48.7	49.0	50.0	49.8	51.4	52.7	53.6	53.0	52.4	53.0	52.7	51.5	53.2	54.5	54.3	55.4	52.7	54.1	53.5	53.3	52.7	52.1	51.5	50.8
UK 49.	6 48	3.9	47.5	50.0	51.7	47.8		40.7	50.1	53.3	55.2	54.1	53.7	55.6	57.5	54.1	55.1	58.9	60.9	65.6	63.9	60.4	60.3	57.1	57.8	58.1	57.9	57.3	58.0	55.2	55.8	54.6	52.8	52.1	47.3	48.4
Eurozone 45.	9 46	6.9	46.3	47.9	49.2	44.5		39.4	47.4	51.8	51.7	53.7	54.8	53.8	55.2	54.8	57.9	62.5	62.9	63.1	63.4	62.8	61.4	58.6	58.3	58.4	58.0	58.7	58.2	56.5	55.5	54.6	52.1	49.8	49.6	48.4
Germany 42.	1 44	4.1	43.7	45.3	48.0	45.4			45.2	51.0	52.2	56.4	58.2	57.8	58.3	57.1	60.7	66.6	66.2	64.4	65.1	65.9	62.6	58.4	57.8	57.4	57.4	59.8	58.4	56.9	54.6	54.8	52.0	49.3	49.1	47.8
France 50.	7 5	1.7	50.4	51.1	49.8	43.2		40.6	52.3	52.4	49.8	51.2	51.3	49.6	51.1	51.6	56.1	59.3	58.9	59.4	59.0	58.0	57.5	55.0	53.6	55.9	55.6	55.5	57.2	54.7	55.7	54.6	51.4	49.5	50.6	47.7
Italy 47.	7 47	7.6	46.2	48.9	48.7	40.3		45.4	47.5	51.9	53.1	53.2	53.8	51.5	52.8	55.1	56.9	59.8	60.7	62.3	62.2	60.3	60.9	59.7	61.1	62.8	62.0	58.3	58.3	55.8	54.5	51.9	50.9	48.5	48.0	48.3
Spain 46.	8 47	7.5	47.4	48.5	50.4	45.7			49.0	53.5	49.9	50.8	52.5	49.8	51.0	49.3	52.9	56.9	57.7	59.4	60.4	59.0	59.5	58.1	57.4	57.1	56.2	56.2	56.9	54.2	53.3	53.8	52.6	48.7	49.9	49.0
Netherlands 50.	3 49	9.6	48.3	49.9	52.9	50.5	41.3	40.5	45.2	47.9	52.3	52.5	50.4	54.4	58.2	58.8	59.6	64.7	67.2			67.4	65.8	62.0	62.5	60.7	58.7	60.1	60.6	58.4	59.9	57.8	55.9	54.5	52.6	49.0
Australia 50.	0 49	9.9	49.2	49.6	50.2	49.7	44.1	44.0	51.2	54.0	53.6	55.4	54.2	55.8	55.7	57.2	56.9	56.8	59.7	60.4	58.6	56.9	52.0	56.8	58.2	59.2	57.7	55.1	57.0	57.7	58.8	55.7	56.2	55.7	53.8	53.5
Greece 53.	5 54	1.1	53.9	54.4	56.2	42.5		41.1	49.4	48.6	49.4	50.0	48.7	42.3	46.9	50.0	49.4	51.8	54.4	58.0	58.6	57.4	59.3	58.4	58.9	58.8	59.0	57.9	57.8	54.6	54.8	53.8	51.1	49.1	48.8	49.7
Emerging																																				
China 51.	7 5	1.8	51.5	51.1	40.3	50.1	49.4	50.7	51.2	52.8	53.1	53.0	53.6	54.9	53.0	51.5	50.9	50.6	51.9	52.0	51.3	50.3	49.2	50.0	50.6	49.9	50.9	49.1	50.4	48.1	46.0	48.1	51.7	50.4	49.5	48.1
Indonesia 47.	7 48	3.2	49.5	49.3	51.9	45.3	27.5		39.1	46.9	50.8	47.2	47.8	50.6	51.3	52.2	50.9	53.2	54.6	55.3	53.5	40.1	43.7	52.2	57.2	53.9	53.5	53.7	51.2	51.3	51.9	50.8	50.2	51.3	51.7	53.7
Korea 48.	4 49	9.4	50.1	49.8	48.7	44.2	41.6	41.3	43.4	46.9	48.5	49.8	51.2	52.9	52.9	53.2	55.3	55.3	54.6	53.7	53.9	53.0	51.2	52.4	50.2	50.9	51.9	52.8	53.8	51.2	52.1	51.8	51.3	49.8	47.6	47.3
Taiwan 49.	8 49	9.8	50.8	51.8	49.9	50.4	42.2	41.9	46.2	50.6	52.2	55.2	55.1	56.9	59.4	60.2	60.4	60.8	62.4	62.0	57.6	59.7	58.5	54.7	55.2	54.9	55.5	55.1	54.3	54.1	51.7	50.0	49.8	44.6	42.7	42.2
Brazil 52.	2 52	2.9	50.2	51.0	52.3	48.4		38.3	51.6	58.2	64.7	64.9		64.0	61.5	56.5	58.4	52.8	52.3	53.7	56.4	56.7	53.6	54.4	51.7	49.8	49.8	47.8	49.6	52.3	51.8	54.2	54.1	54.0	51.9	51.1
Mexico 50.	4 48	3.0	47.1	49.0	50.0	47.9		38.3	38.6	40.4	41.3	42.1	43.6	43.7	42.4	43.0	44.2	45.6	48.4	47.6	48.8	49.6	47.1	48.6	49.3	49.4	49.4	46.1	48.0	49.2	49.3	50.6	52.2	48.5	48.5	50.3
Russia 47.	2 45	5.6	47.5	47.9	48.2	47.5			49.4	48.4	51.1	48.9	46.9	46.3	49.7	50.9	51.5	51.1	50.4	51.9	49.2	47.5	46.5	49.8	51.6	51.7	51.6	51.8	48.6	44.1	48.2	50.8	50.9	50.3	51.7	52.0
South Africa 49.	4 48	3.6	47.6	48.3	48.4	44.5	35.1		42.5	44.9	45.3	49.4	51.0	50.3	50.2	50.8	50.2	50.3	53.7	53.2	51.0	46.1	49.9	50.7	48.6	51.7	48.4	50.9	50.9	51.4	50.3	50.7	52.5	52.7	51.7	49.2
India 50.	6 5	1.2	52.7	55.3	54.5	51.8	27.4	30.8	47.2	46.0	52.0	56.8	58.9	56.3	56.4	57.7	57.5	55.4	55.5	50.8	48.1	55.3	52.3	53.7	55.9	57.6	55.5	54.0	54.9	54.0	54.7	54.6	53.9	56.4	56.2	55.1

Source: Bloomberg, Markit

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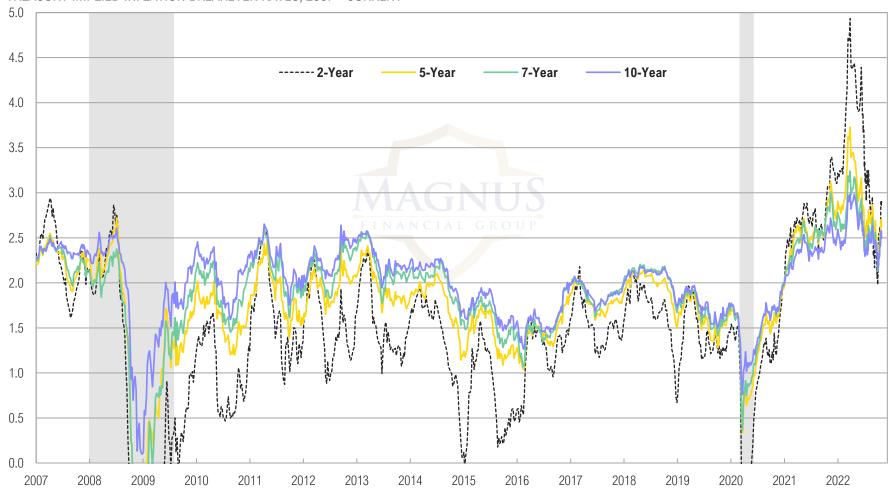
HIGHER

^{*}Some countries might have delayed reporting's.



Intermediate-term inflation expectations have eased after breaking out to multidecade highs, but they remain tethered to rallies in risky assets, frustrating the Fed

TREASURY IMPLIED INFLATION BREAKEVEN RATES, 2007 - CURRENT



Source: FRED, Bloomberg





Russia

India

South Africa

Pre-Russian invasion, global inflation was already at a decade-high due to lack of investment in commodity supply, labor tightness, rising housing prices, supply chain bottlenecks, etc.

COUNTRY & GDP-WEIGHTED REGIONAL INFLATION

COUNTRY	עט א	F-V	LIC	וחום	ר עב	(EG	IOIV	AL I	INL	AII.	JIV																							1					
	20	12		20	13			20	114			20	15			20	16			20	17			20	18			20	19			20:	20			20	21		2022
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	02	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 Q2												
Global	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	3.1	2.5	1.8	2.0	1.3	2.3	3.6	3.7	4.8	6.2 6.6
Developed	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.6	8.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.2	0.4	0.7	0.6	1.7	3.4	3.9	5.3	6.9 7.4
Emerging	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.9	5.3	5.0	4.5	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.1	2.7	2.1	2.6	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.8	3.0	3.2	4.9	4.3	3.5	3.7	2.4	3.0	3.9	3.3	4.2	5.2 5.7
Developed																																							
U.S.	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.5	1.5	2.1	1.7	8.0	-0.1	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.5	2.1	2.4	1.6	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.9	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.3	1.5	0.6	1.4	1.4	2.6	5.4	5.4	7.0	8.5 8.6
Canada	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.4	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.2	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.7	2.2	3.1	4.4	4.8	6.7 7.7
Japan	-0.3	-0.1	-0.9	0.2	1.1	1.6	1.6	3.6	3.2	2.4	2.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.4	-0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.0	-1.2	-0.4	-0.5	0.2	8.0	1.2 2.5
UK	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.5	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.2	2.1	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.3	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	2.1	2.8	4.9	6.2 9.1
Eurozone	2.6	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.3	0.8	1.3	0.7	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	1.3	1.9	3.4	5.0	7.4 8.6
Germany	2.0	2.0	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.4	0.9	-0.2	-0.3	1.7	2.3	4.1	5.3	7.3 7.6
France	1.9	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.5	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	1.5	2.2	2.8	4.5 5.8
Italy	3.4	2.6	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.5	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.1	-0.4	-1.0	-0.3	0.6	1.3	2.9	4.2	6.8 8.5
Spain	3.4	2.9	2.4	2.1	0.3	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	-1.0	-0.7	0.1	-0.9	0.0	-0.8	-0.8	0.2	1.6	2.3	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.2	2.3	2.3	1.2	1.3	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.0	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	1.3	2.7	4.0	6.5	9.8 10.2
Netherlands	2.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.4	1.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.0	1.9	2.0	2.7	5.7	9.7 8.8
Australia	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.3	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.5	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.2	-0.3	0.7	0.9	1.1	3.8	3.0	3.5	5.1 6.1
Greece	0.3	0.3	-0.2	-0.3	-1.0	-1.8	-1.5	-1.5	-1.1	-2.5	-1.9	-1.1	-0.8	0.4	-0.7	0.2	-0.1	0.3	1.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.2	1.0	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.2	0.2	1.1	0.2	-1.9	-2.3	-2.4	-2.0	0.6	1.9	4.4	8.0 10.5
Emerging																																							
China	1.9	2.5	2.1	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.4	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.3	1.9	1.9	2.1	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.5	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.0	4.5	4.3	2.5	1.7	0.2	0.4	1.1	0.7	1.5	1.5 2.1
Indonesia	3.8	3.7	5.0	5.4	7.9	8.1	7.3	6.7	4.5	8.4	6.4	7.3	6.8	3.4	4.5	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.6	4.4	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.8	3.1	2.6	3.0	2.0	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.6 4.4
Korea	2.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.7	1.3	1.3	2.3	1.8	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.5	2.1	1.3	0.4	0.7	-0.4	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.9	0.6	1.9	2.4	2.4	3.7	4.1 6.0
Taiwan	3.0	1.6	1.4	0.6	0.9	0.3	1.6	1.6	0.7	0.6	-0.6	-0.6	0.3	0.1	2.0	0.9	0.3	1.7	0.2	1.0	0.5	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.7	-0.1	0.6	0.9	0.4	1.1	0.0	-0.8	-0.6	0.1	1.2	1.8	2.6	2.6	3.3 3.4
Brazil	5.3	5.8	6.6	6.7	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.4	8.1	8.9	9.5	10.7	9.4	8.8	8.5	6.3	4.6	3.0	2.5	3.0	2.7	4.4	4.5	3.8	4.6	3.4	2.9	4.3	3.3	2.1	3.1	4.5	6.1	8.4	10.3 1	10.1	11.3 11.7
Mexico	4.8	3.6	4.3	4.1	3.4	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.1	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.1	2.6	2.5	3.0	3.4	5.4	6.3	6.4	6.8	5.0	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.0	4.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	3.3	4.0	3.2	4.7	5.9	6.0	7.4	7.5 7.7

6.5 6.6 7.0 6.9 6.1 6.5 7.0 7.8 8.1 11.3 16.9 15.3 15.7 13.0 7.2 7.5 6.4 5.4 4.2 4.3 3.0 2.5 2.4 2.3 3.4 4.3 5.2 4.7 4.0 3.1 2.6 3.2 3.7 4.9 5.8 6.5 7.4 8.4

5.5 5.7 5.9 5.5 6.0 5.4 6.0 6.6 5.9 5.3 4.0 4.7 4.6 5.2 6.3 6.3 6.1 6.8 6.1 5.1 5.1 4.7 3.8 4.6 4.9 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.1 4.0 4.1 2.2 3.0 3.1 3.2 4.9 5.0 5.9 5.9 6.5

9.7 10.5 9.4 9.5 10.5 9.5 8.3 6.8 5.6 4.3 5.3 5.4 4.4 5.6 4.8 5.8 4.4 3.4 3.9 1.5 3.3 5.2 4.3 4.9 3.7 2.1 2.9 3.2 4.0 7.4 5.8 6.2 7.3 4.6 5.5 6.3 4.4 5.7 7.0 7.0

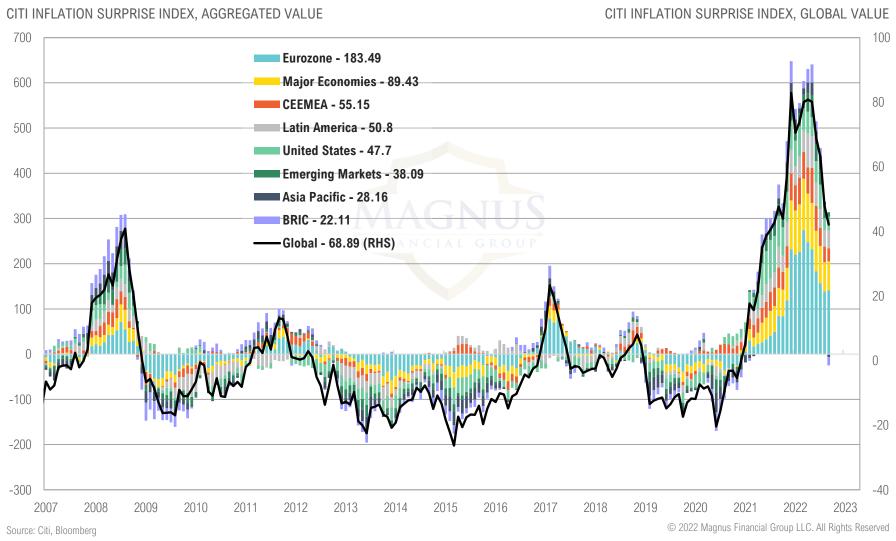
LOWER

Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide calculations. Global, Developed (DM) and Emerging (EM) inflation numbers are GDP-weighted





Inflation Surprise Index has rolled over, but from an extreme level; still surprising forecasts on a global scale, a first since 2008

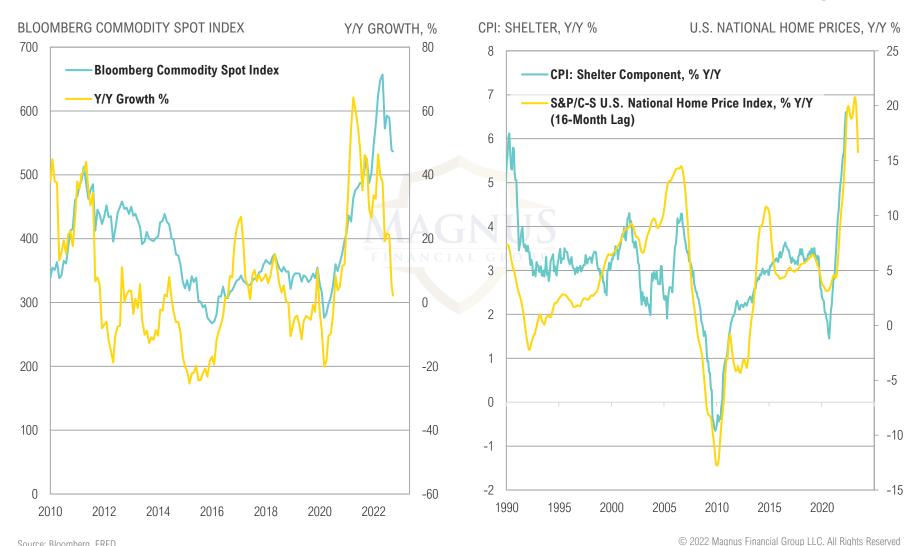


Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





While commodity prices rolling over will help contain inflation, house prices impact the shelter component of CPI with a 12 to 18-month lag



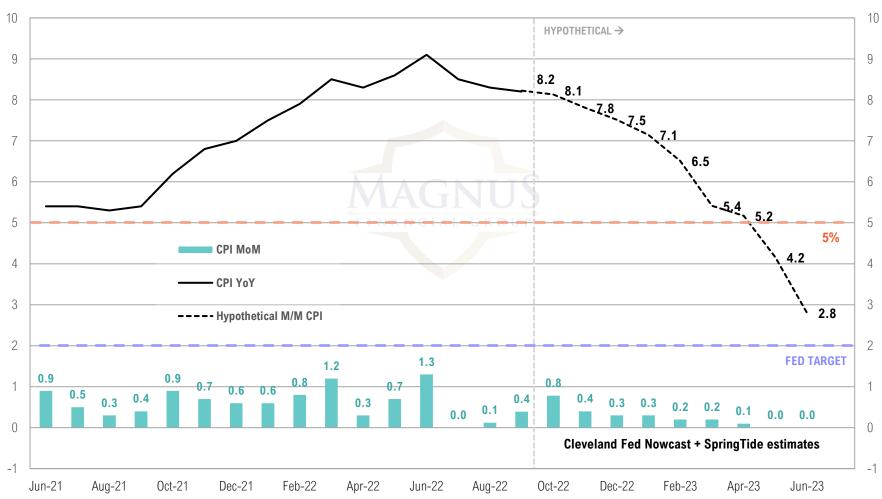
Source: Bloomberg, FRED

U.S. National home price proxied by the S&P/Case-Shiller U.S. National Home Price Index



It is likely that YoY CPI will remain above 5% through Q1 of 2023

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, %



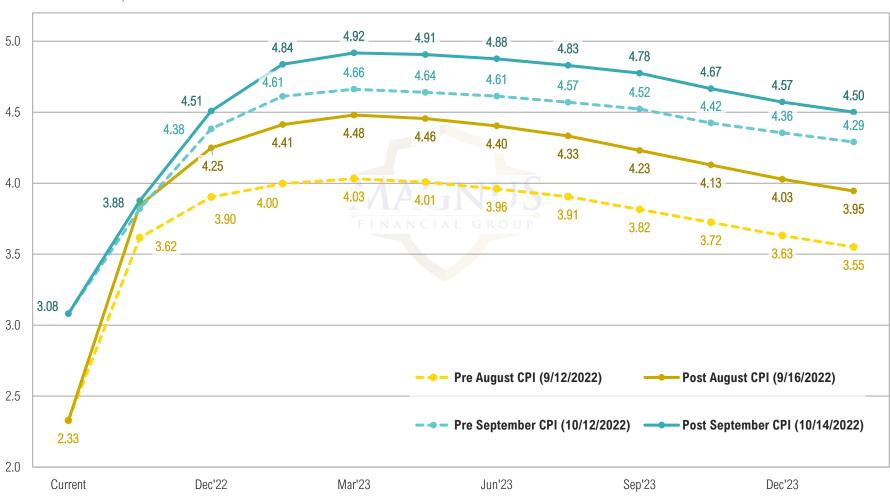
Source: Bloomberg, Cleveland Fed





Yield curve moved higher after the last two CPI prints as market continued to underestimate the stickiness of inflation

IMPLIED FED FUNDS, %

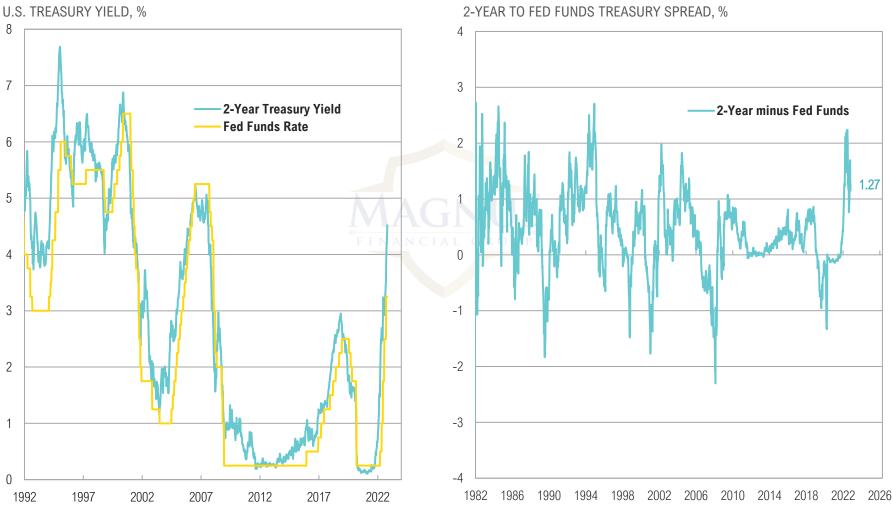


Source: Bloomberg, Cleveland Fed





Fed funds rate is catching up with the 2-year yield as market thinks it has dialed in on an expected terminal Fed funds at around 5.0% within next couple of meetings



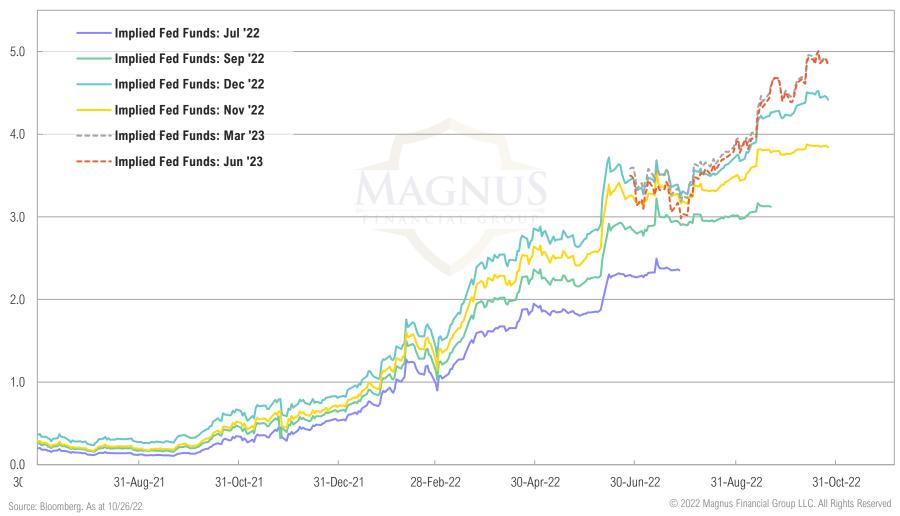
Source: FRED
Data as of 10/24/22





Fed funds futures expecting peak rates in March 2023 and the Fed to start cutting rates later next year

IMPLIED FED FUNDS RATE, %

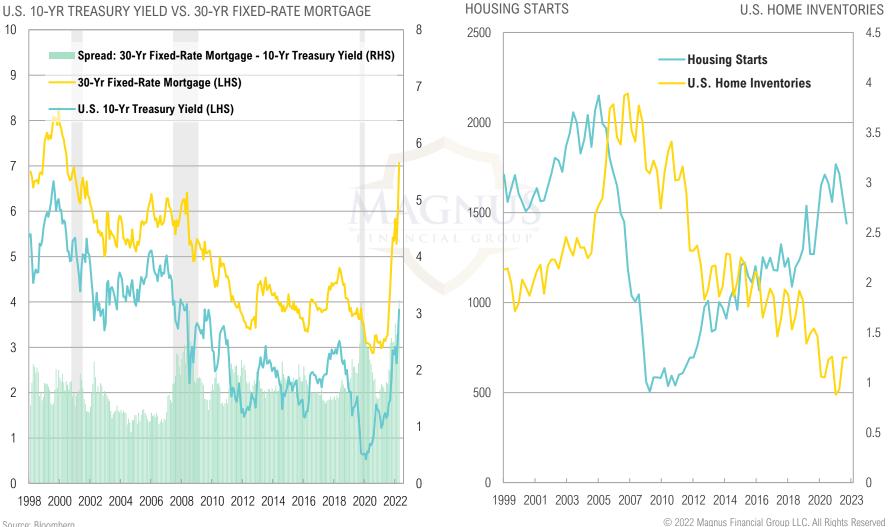


Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





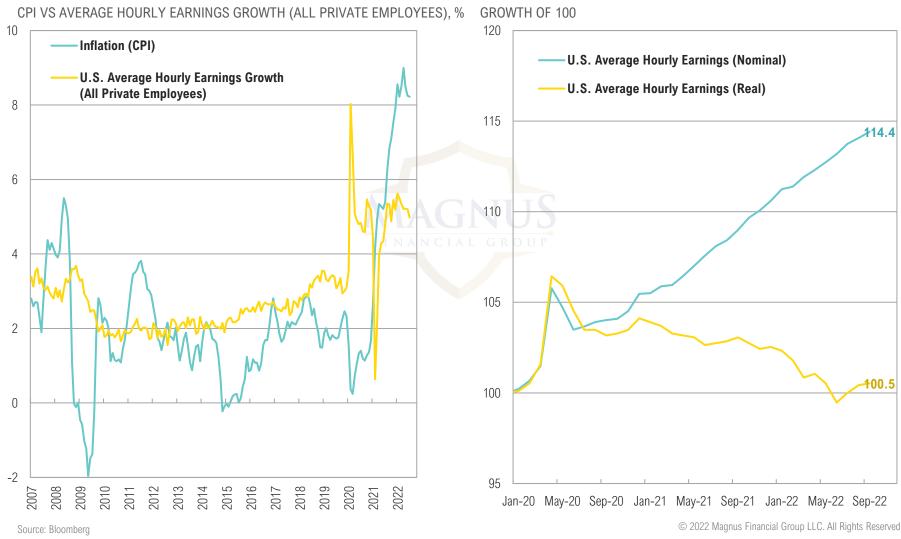
30-year fixed mortgage rates spiked in September as mortgage rate spreads vs. 10-year Treasury widened; higher rates will have a negative impact on housing and consumers with a lag



30-Yr Fixed-Rate Mortgage (FRM) represented by the Bankrate.com US Home Mortgage 30 Year Fixed National Avg.

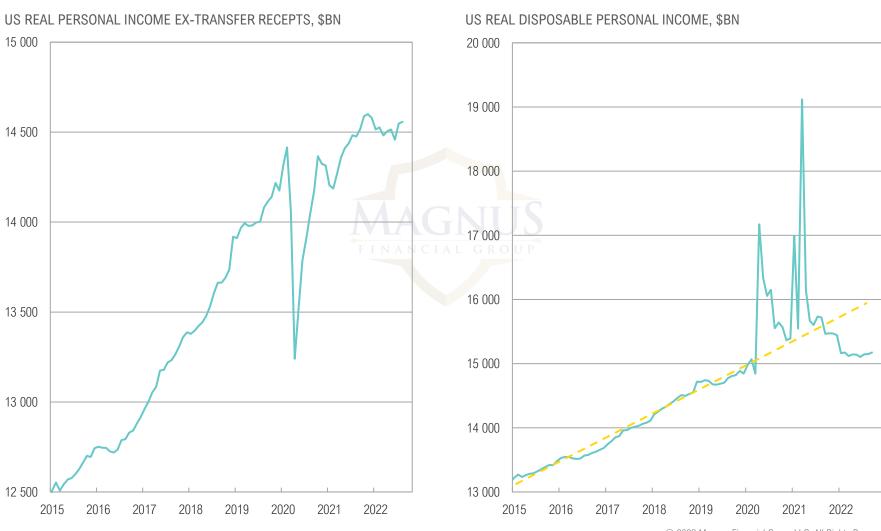


Since early 2021 inflation has outpaced wage growth, eroding real household disposable income





Real Income, excluding government transfers, is still grinding higher; total disposable income, however, has been treading water in recent months



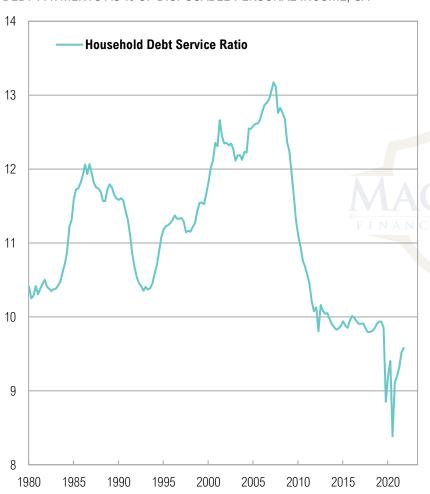
Source: FRED. U.S. Real Personal Income is as of 8/31/2022.



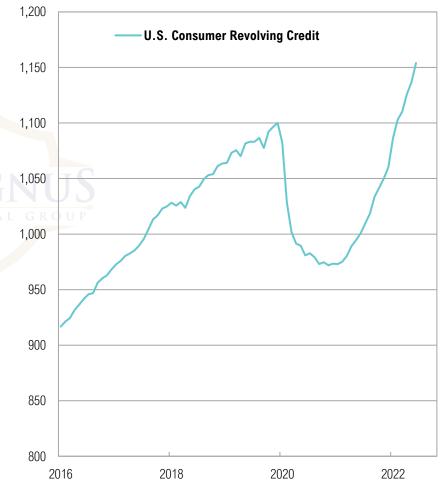


Consumer revolving credit has continued to increase, causing the household debt service ratio to rise

DEBT PAYMENTS AS % OF DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME, SA



REVOLVING CONSUMER CREDIT, \$BN



Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve

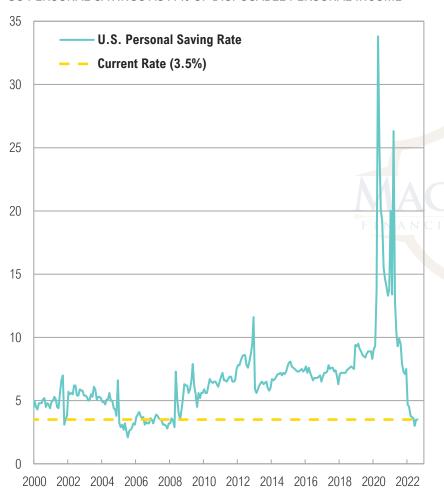
Household Debt Service Ratio as of 6/30/2022. U.S. Consumer Revolving Credit as of 8/31/2022.



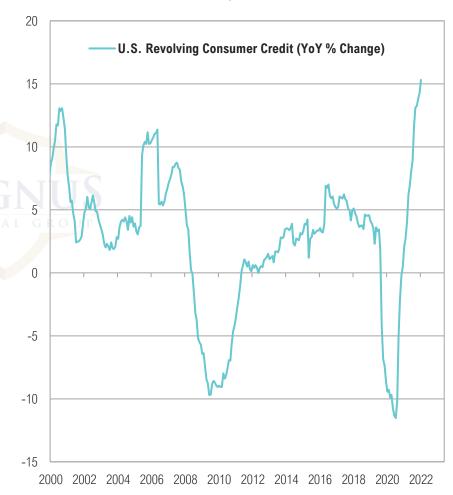


Consumer revolving credit increased at an annualized rate of 15.3% in August, now back at all-time highs

US PERSONAL SAVINGS AS A % OF DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME



US REVOLVING CONSUMER CREDIT, YOY CHANGE %

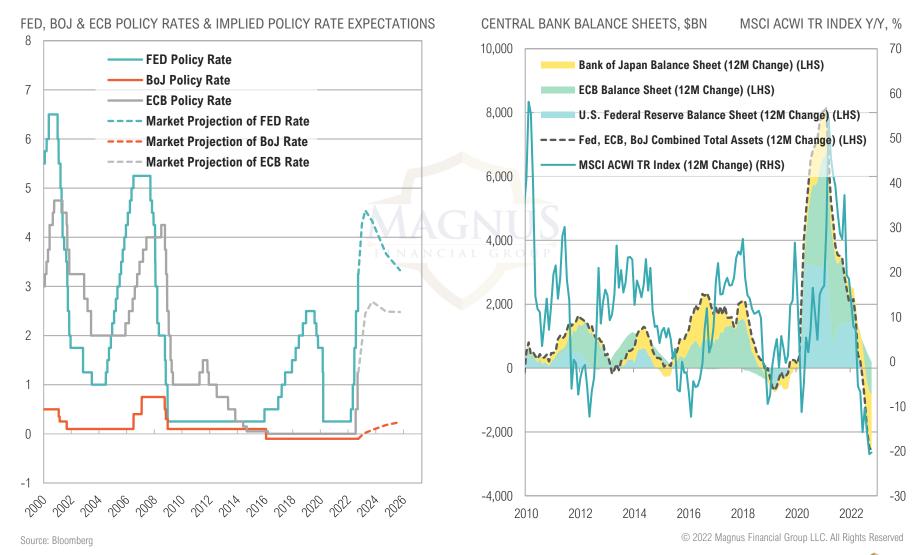


Source: Bloomberg U.S. Revolving Consumer Credit is as of 8/31/2022.





Global quantitative easing efforts supported the recent gains in global stocks; Fed, ECB and BoJ combined 12M change in assets declined for the first time since 2019 in June

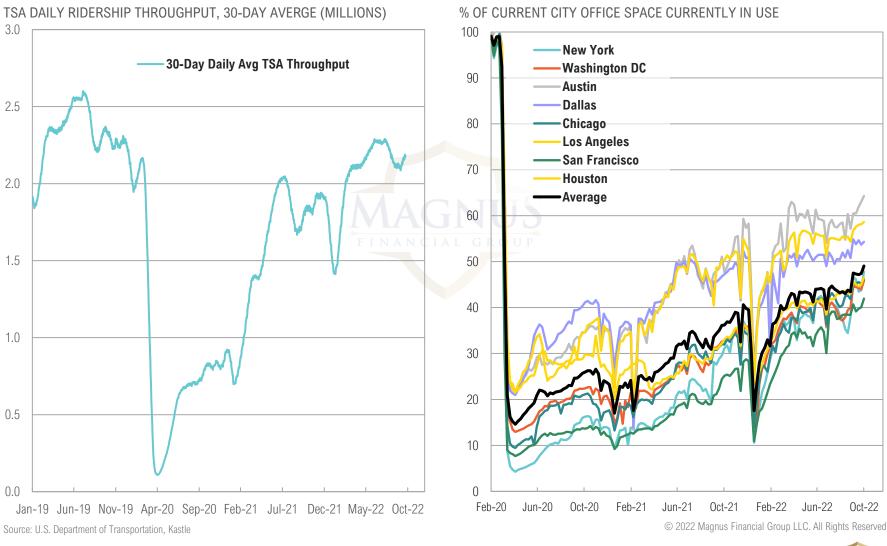


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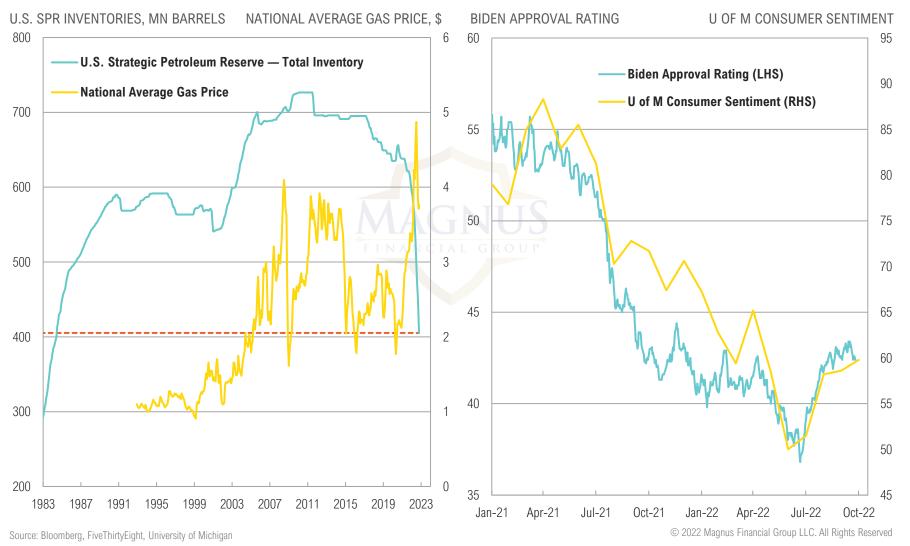


Travel has returned, while work-from-home dynamics may be here to stay with 50% of office space currently in use compared to pre-COVID levels





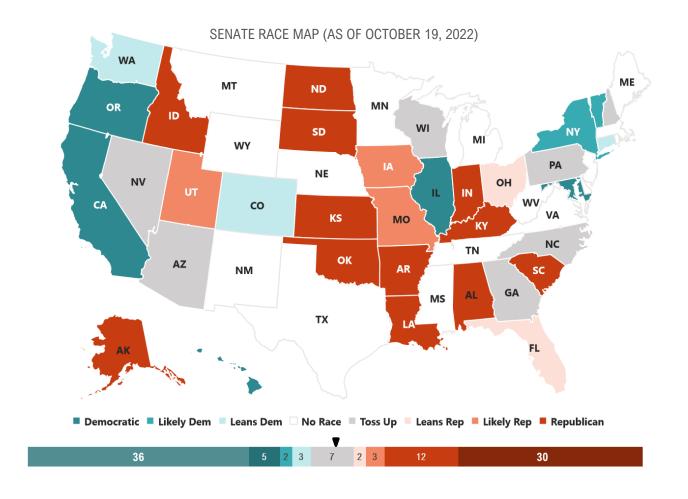
Biden's SPR dump helped ease gas prices & inflation pressures, helped contribute to a modest improvement in sentiment (& his approval rating), but gas price trends may soon reverse



Q4, 2022 Market Outlook



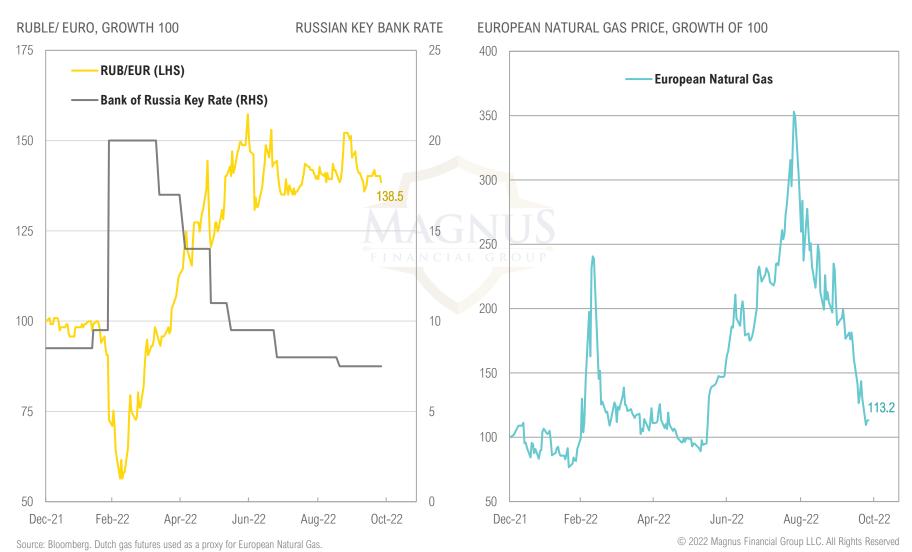
Looking ahead to November, the race for Senate control will rely on a select few toss-up states



Source: Real Clear Politics



No winners across the continent as the Russia-Ukraine conflict drags on; Ruble has appreciated 45% vs Euro since start of the year

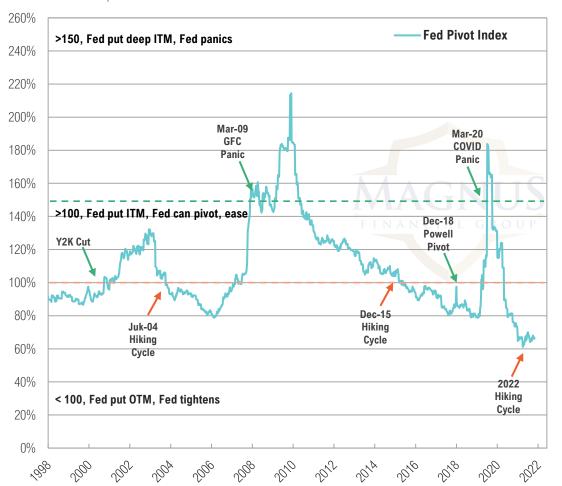


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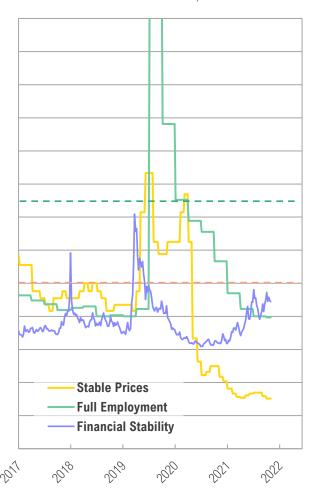


A Fed pivot at current levels isn't justified by the data and would risk extending inflation shock and further eroding Fed's credibility





FED PIVOT INDEX SUB-GROUPS, % OF THRESHOLD



Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide. Pivot Index = weighted average % of trigger of Core CPI (33% weight, 3% trigger), U.S. Unemployment Rate (33%, 4.5%, GS Financial Conditions Index (10%, 100), S&P 500 P/E (4%, 16x), Bbg U.S. Corporate High Yield OIS (20%, 600bps)

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Average "pivot" (end of hiking cycle) since WWII saw Fed funds at 7.9%, headline inflation at 5.5%, core inflation at 5.0%, and the unemployment rate at 5.3%... We're just not there yet!

	KEY INDICATO	ORS WHEN FED HI	KED IN EACH	OF PAST 16 CYCLE	S
	Policy Rate as of Last Hike* (%)		Headline Inflation	Core Inflation	Real GDP Growth
Oct-57	3.5	4.5	2.9	-	0.4
Oct-59	4.0	5.7	1.7	2.7	4.6
Nov-66	5.8	3.6	3.8	3.6	4.5
May-68	6.1	3.5	3.9	4.3	5.5
Jul-74	12.9	5.5	11.5	8.8	-0.6
Apr-80	17.6	6.9	14.7	13.0	-0.8
Jun-81	19.1	7.5	9.6	9.4	3.0
Aug-84	11.5	7.5	4.3	5.1	6.9
Sep-87	7.3	5.9	4.4	4.3	3.3
May-89	9.8	5.2	5.4	4.6	3.7
Feb-95	6.0	5.4	2.9	3.0	3.5
Mar-97	5.5	5.2	2,8	2.5	4.3
May-00	6.5	4.0	3.2	2.4	5.2
Jun-06	5.3	4.6	4.3	2.6	3.0
Dec-18	2.4	3.9	1.9	2.2	2.3
Oct-22	3.1	3.7	8.3	6.3	1.8
Average	7.9	5.2	5.5	5.0	3.2

Source: Bloomberg, BofA. *Effective Fed funds rate until Sep '82, median target thereafter





Excesses in one direction will lead to an opposite excess in the other direction.

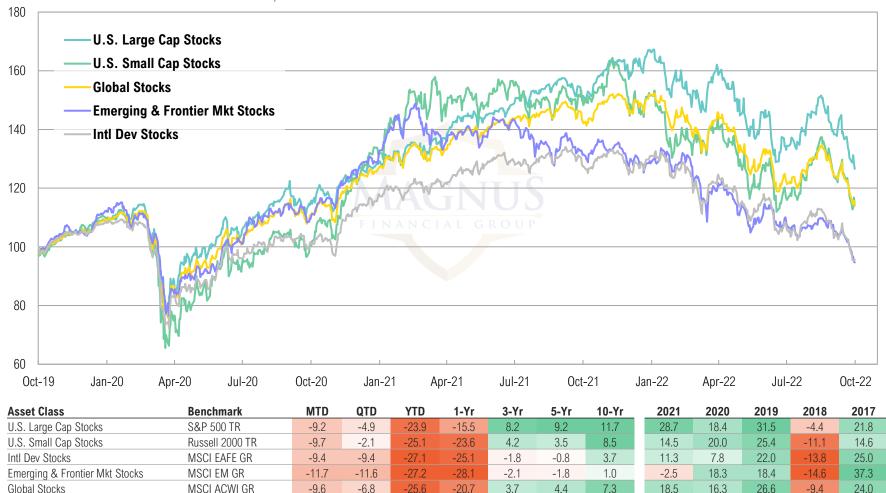
- Bob Farrell, Merrill Lynch Strategist and Market Historian (Bob Farrell's 10 Rules)





Despite dropping back into bear market territory, U.S. stocks have outperformed their international peers this year; EM underperformed over the quarter

CALENDAR YEAR & TRAILING TOTAL RETURNS, GROWTH INDEX



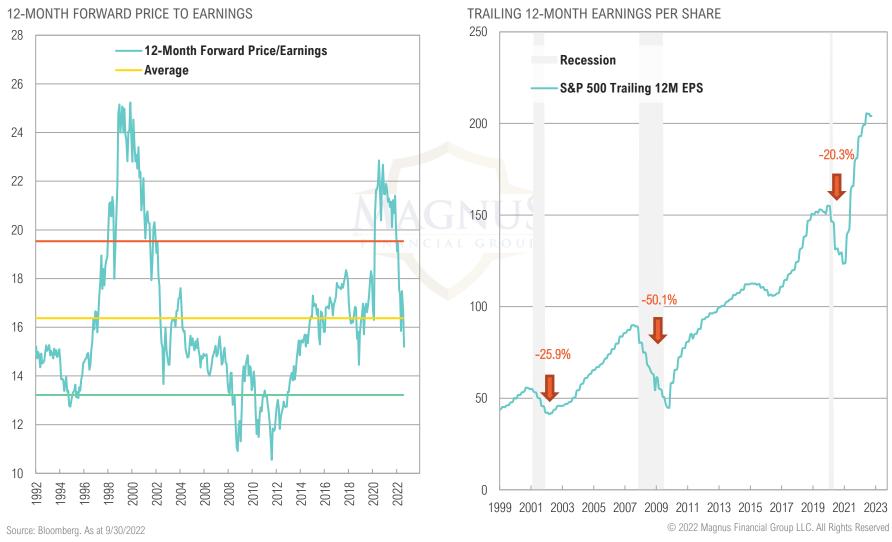
Source: Bloombera

Returns for periods greater than 1 year are annualized.





Forward valuations have improved due to bear market, slightly below average relative to history; focus now shifts to earnings decline; history suggests baseline should be at least 20% drop



Q4, 2022 Market Outlook



Adjusting for record-high margins, equity valuations are not compelling





Source: Bloomberg



Energy ahead of consumer discretionary, tech and real estate by approximately 90% year-to-date

TRAILING AND CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURNS, %

Style Boxes	Benchmark	1-Wk	MTD	QTD	YTD	1-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
U.S. Large Cap Value	Russell 1000 Value TR Index	3.9	5.5	5.5	-13.2	-11.2	6.1	6.0	9.6	25.2	2.8	26.5	-8.3	13.7
U.S. Large Cap Blend	Russell 1000 TR Index	4.7	4.6	4.6	-21.1	-18.2	9.2	9.5	12.1	26.5	21.0	31.4	-4.8	21.7
U.S. Large Cap Growth	Russell 1000 Growth TR Index	5.4	3.7	3.7	-28.1	-24.6	11.4	12.4	14.3	27.6	38.5	36.4	-1.5	30.2
U.S. Small Cap Value	Russell 2000 Value TR Index	3.3	6.0	6.0	-16.4	-16.5	6.1	3.8	8.7	28.3	4.6	22.4	-12.9	7.8
U.S. Small Cap Blend	Russell 2000 TR Index	3.6	4.7	4.7	-21.6	-23.1	5.3	4.2	9.3	14.8	20.0	25.5	-11.0	14.6
U.S. Small Cap Growth	Russell 2000 Growth TR Index	3.8	3.5	3.5	-26.8	-29.6	3.5	4.0	9.5	2.8	34.6	28.5	-9.3	22.2
Factors														
Cyclicals	MSCI USA Cyclical Sectors GR Index	5.5	4.1	4.1	-27.4	-25.1	8.5	9.9	13.5	27.6	27.8	36.3	-5.3	27.3
Defensives	MSCI USA Defensive Sectors Capped GR Inde	3.8	6.4	6.4	6.4	12.1	12.7	10.1	11.2	30.3	-2.9	21.8	-4.3	9.1
High Dividend	MSCI USA High Dividend Yield GR Index	3.3	4.5	4.5	-11.9	-6.7	4.8	6.3	10.2	21.9	1.7	22.5	-2.3	19.5
Min Vol	MSCI USA Minimum Volatility (USD) GR Inde	3.2	3.0	3.0	-14.8	-10.4	3.9	7.8	11.0	21.0	5.8	28.0	1.5	19.2
Momentum	MSCI USA Momentum GR Index	4.9	7.9	7.9	-20.5	-22.5	7.3	8.8	13.6	12.9	29.6	28.1	-1.6	37.8
High Quality	MSCI USA Quality GR Index	4.8	4.1	4.1	-26.4	-22.5	8.3	10.5	13.1	27.6	22.9	39.1	-2.6	26.0
Sectors														
Consumer Staples	S&P Cons Staples Select Sector TR Index	2.1	3.3	3.3	-8.9	0.0	7.1	8.0	9.9	17.3	10.3	27.7	-8.0	13.1
Consumer Discretionary	S&P Consumer Disc Select Sector TR Index	5.3	-0.1	-0.1	-29.9	-25.8	6.1	10.6	13.4	28.0	29.8	28.6	1.8	23.0
Energy	S&P Energy Select Sector TR Index	8.4	20.8	20.8	61.8	58.4	21.5	10.4	5.6	53.4	-32.8	12.1	-18.1	-0.9
Financials	S&P Financial Select Sector TR Index	3.9	6.2	6.2	-16.4	-18.1	6.4	6.1	11.7	35.0	-1.7	32.1	-13.0	22.2
Health Care	S&P Health Care Select Sector TR Index	2.3	4.6	4.6	-9.1	-2.0	13.5	10.6	14.0	26.1	13.4	20.8	6.4	21.9
Industrials	S&P Industrial Select Sector TR Index	4.7	7.1	7.1	-15.1	-13.7	6.5	6.0	11.5	21.1	11.1	29.4	-13.0	24.1
Materials	S&P Materials Select Sector TR Index	6.1	6.4	6.4	-18.9	-13.0	10.3	6.4	9.3	27.3	20.5	24.4	-14.8	23.9
Real Estate	S&P Real Estate Select Sector TR Index	2.8	-3.7	-3.7	-31.5	-24.4	-1.5	4.7	7.3	46.2	-2.1	29.0	-2.2	10.8
Technology	S&P Technology Select Sector TR Index	6.5	4.7	4.7	-27.9	-21.0	16.3	16.8	17.5	34.7	43.9	50.3	-1.4	34.6
Utilities	S&P Utilities Select Sector TR Index	2.0	-3.3	-3.3	-9.6	-2.5	2.9	6.4	9.3	17.7	0.5	26.3	4.1	12.1
 Communication Services 	S&P Cmmncton Svces Select Sector TR Index	4.7	4.8	4.8	-34.9	-38.3	0.6	3.9	10.6	16.0	27.0	31.4	-6.9	24.5

Source: Bloomberg. Returns for periods longer than 1 year are annualized As of 10/21/2022

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Analyst EPS expectations remain high, but have started to decline



S&P 500 GROWTH, EARNINGS & VALUATION, % CHANGE (DEC-'20 = 0)

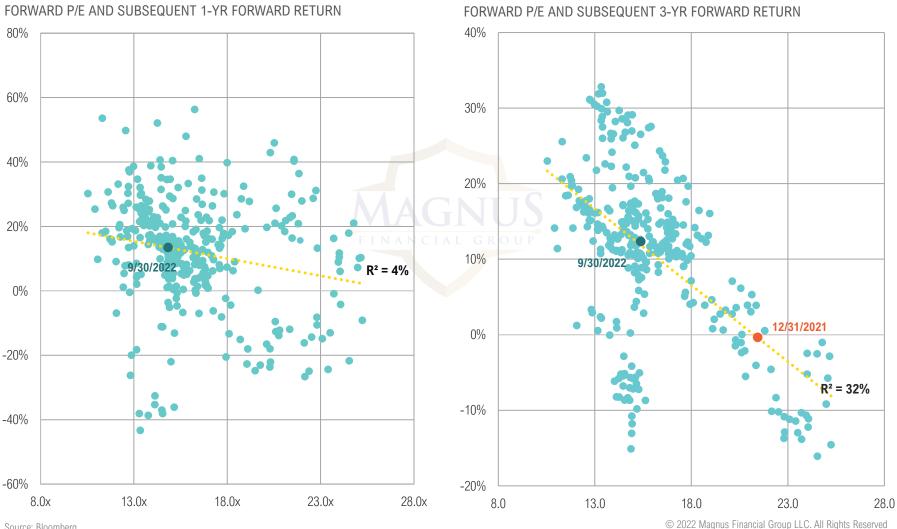


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Forward P/Es have little predictive power for one-year forward equity returns, but have been reasonably predictive over longer time horizons



Source: Bloomberg

Period of analysis from 1/31/1992 through 6/30/2022 using monthly data

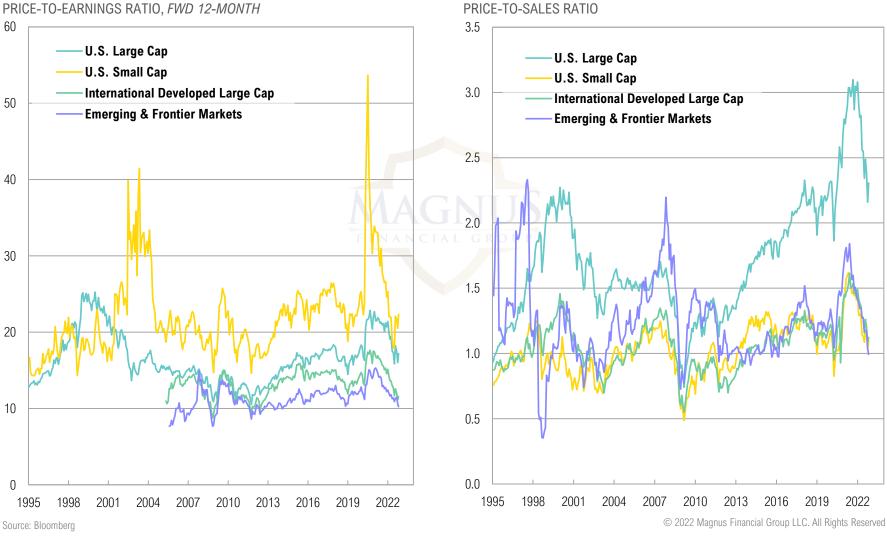
Q4, 2022 Market Outlook

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Valuations continue to contract so far this year



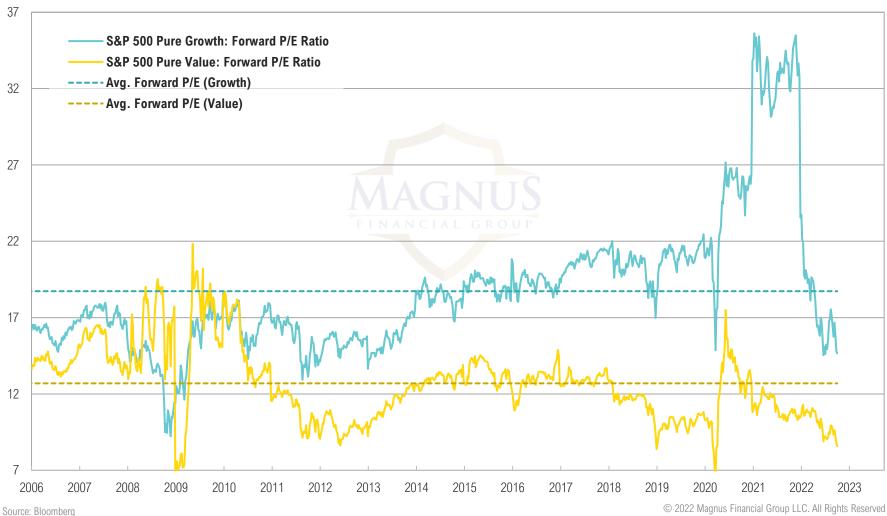
Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





Forward-looking valuations improved dramatically, but earnings estimates will now come into question given potential margin pressure; value still looks relatively cheaper (i.e., this is not 2008-2010)

S&P 500 PURE GROWTH INDEX VS. S&P PURE VALUE INDEX FORWARD P/E RATIOS



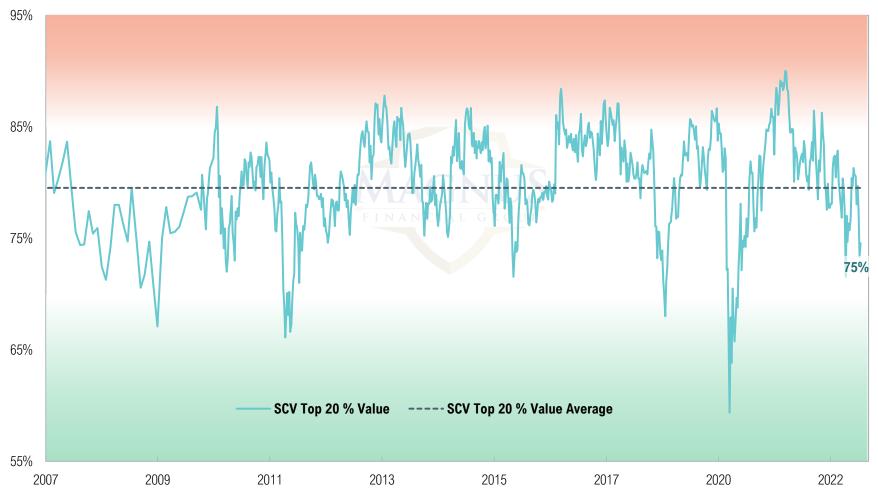
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Within small cap value, valuations are below average, but not at levels typically seen in major market drawdowns

SMALL CAP VALUE MANAGER'S TOP 20 DISCOUNT TO VALUE METRIC

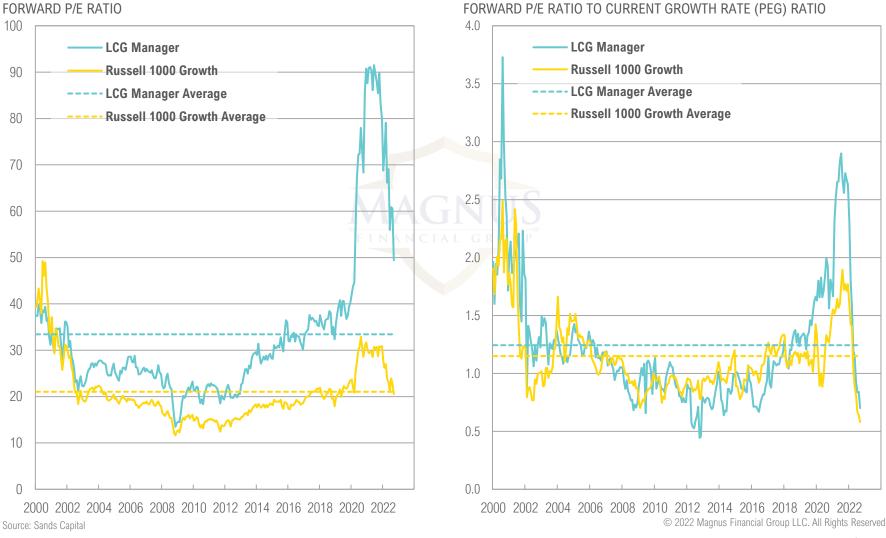


Source: River Road Asset Management





Growth valuations seem attractive when accounting for high growth expectations, but they are not attractive on an absolute level



Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





Nominal sales and earnings growth expected to decelerate for remainder of 2022; impact of inflation and potential recession huge wild cards next year

	S&P 500 SECTOR SALES GROWTH Y/Y, %																											
		20	2016 2017							2018			2019			2020				2021			2022					
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4E
S&P 500	1.5	1.8	3.1	1.9	7.7	6.3	4.1	6.8	10.1	6.8	11.0	12.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	9.0	-3.6	-8.1	-2.9	0.9	8.4	18.3	15.1	11.3	15.3	17.2	9.5	5.4
Communication Services	2.2	1.2	-1.4	-4.3	-5.8	-4.0	-4.8	0.0	10.3	0.7					11.3	8.5	-2.3	-2.6	0.3	5.1	12.5		17.7	11.3	8.8	4.4	4.6	1.4
Consumer Discretionary	9.6	10.6	9.6	4.7	6.3	2.6	-0.9	1.0	10.0	7.5	18.5		14.9	10.6	7.3	3.1	-4.2		0.2	-6.0	-6.4		-1.1	11.1	11.2	11.8	7.5	9.0
Consumer Staples	1.9	3.1	3.3	2.9	4.0	5.7	8.2	9.3	12.4	-2.7	-3.4	-4.4	-7.6	3.8	3.8	4.3	2.7	2.7	3.2	5.6	5.3	10.0	10.9	9.7	10.2	7.7	8.2	5.3
Energy	-32.1	-26.9	-18.2	-5.0	33.4	16.4	16.8	19.2	18.0	13.5		19.4	8.6	-4.1	-7.1	-4.3	-19.7	-48.0	-33.8	-32.4	0.4	102.1	65.6	80.8	58.7			23.1
Financials	-1.3	1.9	23.1	22.6	27.5	24.1	2.9	8.5	5.7	5.5	13.5	2.7	1.8	17.1	11.1	23.9	-3.8	0.4	-1.2	-3.1	23.3	7.2	3.6	8.9	0.4	-13.6	-11.4	-7.3
Health Care	12.6	9.7	5.9	2.7	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.6	7.0	12.1	16.0	21.4	15.5	10.3	13.0	11.2	12.0	4.3	7.4	9.3	8.3	18.9	12.6	11.4	14.5	10.7	7.8	5.1
Industrials	6.1	7.1	5.3	8.9	7.6	8.1	5.8	4.8	10.7	3.7	11.4	13.0	10.9	4.1	-0.3	-3.1	-14.1	-21.1	-14.8	-8.5	1.4	27.7	18.4	16.0	15.2	18.5	15.3	12.6
Information Technology	5.4	5.7	7.4	-8.9	16.8	14.6	11.0	14.9	19.3	12.0			11.3	10.1	10.7	9.2	-2.8	7.3	4.5	9.9	17.4	21.0	19.1	14.6	15.3	11.6	5.1	3.8
Materials	-3.8	-1.0	3.3	-1.3	-1.5	-2.2	0.1	6.7	10.9	10.9	23.3	18.4	12.3	11.5	-11.4	-9.8	-13.3		-4.8	3.5	10.8	32.7	31.1	29.2		22.2	18.6	3.7
Real Estate	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4.1	4.5	7.3	1.3	7.2	12.0	7.1	4.1	5.5	3.0	-2.9	-7.2	-8.8	-5.7	-0.5	16.8	14.4	14.6	17.2	10.9	7.9	1.9
Utilities	-10.5	-4.3	1.7	21.1	2.0	3.6	-15.8	-6.5	-4.0	10.8	0.4	-5.9	-6.1	-6.6	3.4	-9.3	-3.1	-19.5	-4.8	0.7	14.7	9.4	8.5	13.1	7.8	22.9	4.3	-5.5

S&P 500 SECTOR EARNINGS GROWTH Y/Y, %

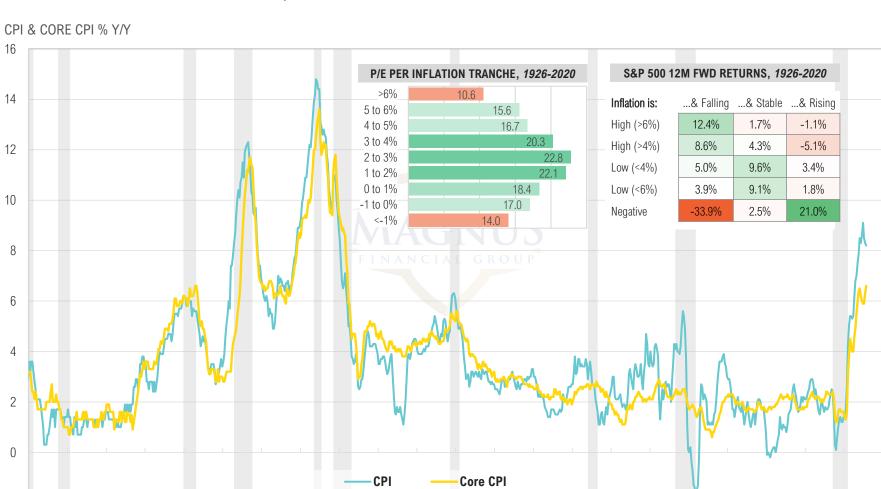
	2016				2017			2018			2019			2020			2021				2022							
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4E
S&P 500	-6.1	-4.5	3.5	5.7	14.8	14.5	4.7	8.4	16.5	18.0			10.7	1.4	3.4	1.8				-0.3	38.6				16.6	14.0	7.7	5.4
Communication Services	8.9	-2.9	-3.4	12.6	-4.4	5.7	1.6	1.3	-2.0	14.5		-29.4	-24.1	-42.1	-1.3	7.6			-6.0	-0.4			35.8	25.1	7.0	-13.5	-13.2	1.5
Consumer Discretionary	19.4	13.7	7.2	8.5	6.2	1.6	-0.9	3.3	10.4	7.0	17.5	10.3	6.7	3.9	10.2	-5.3			-3.5	-3.7	48.9		-0.5	8.1	-2.1	-3.5	-5.3	23.5
Consumer Staples	-1.8	-0.8	5.4	15.0	6.1	8.6	0.1	5.8	19.6	7.3	12.5	3.6	-1.7	0.7	5.9	4.5	-2.0	-0.8	6.9	7.0	8.6	17.2	7.7	6.4	7.5	3.9	-1.9	-0.5
Energy	-109.2				n/a	236.7	77.1	130.5	34.1				88.6	-28.1	-23.6	-41.6						n/a	n/a	n/a	277.5			49.4
Financials	-8.1	-8.1	28.1	28.9	27.0	29.3	4.2	-8.1	3.6	25.4		30.5	14.9	6.0	6.7	11.9		-48.5	-8.1	17.3	134.4			13.0	-20.1	-21.1	-10.1	0.1
Health Care	3.1	6.2	7.4	8.5	4.6	6.9	6.1	7.6	6.9	9.2	15.8	9.4	12.9	8.4	8.9	9.6	18.3	9.0	5.0	9.4	14.9				17.5	11.2	5.1	3.0
Industrials	-2.4	4.7	3.4	7.6	0.7	8.9	0.1	0.0	24.7	1.1	19.5	17.9	19.6	6.0	2.5													23.1
Information Technology	-1.5	-7.9	5.9				15.1	28.2					1.5	-1.8	3.6	5.5		1.5	7.7	18.2						15.8	-1.3	-6.7
Materials	-12.0	-5.0	13.9	19.4	15.6	8.3	8.9	4.1	13.3	5.8			1.5	-6.5					-2.2									-6.5
Real Estate	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			11.2				5.0	9.7	6.8	19.2				-8.1	20.2	121.0				11.7		-15.1
Utilities	-2.4	9.1	12.3	264.7	0.8	3.4	-31.1	-4.7	-21.6	28.4	10.2	-42.2	-8.9	-4.2	41.3	27.0	60.4	-13.1	1.5	-1.8	0.7	5.9	0.2	-1.5	11.0	3.4	-26.1	48.2

Source: Bloomberg





Historically, inflation has been a significant issue for the stock market when it is above 4%, even more so when above 6%

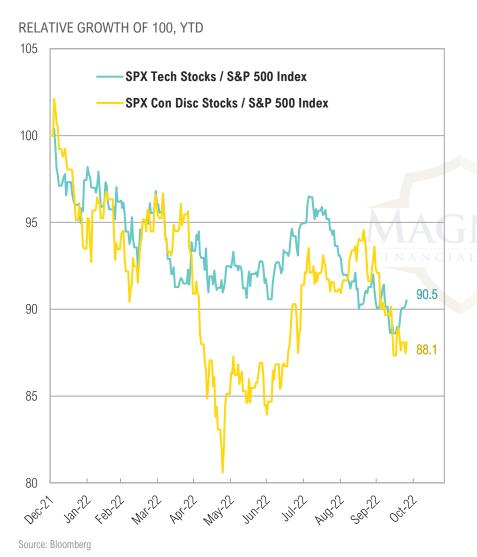


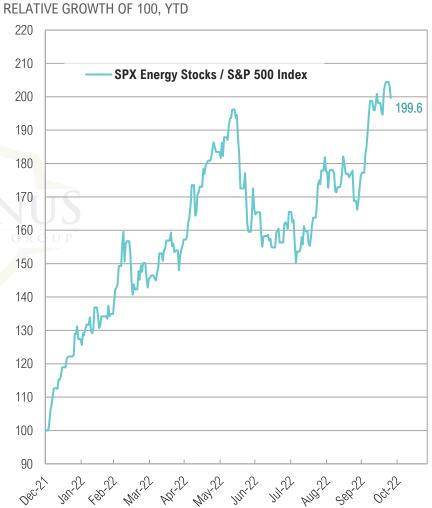
Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide calculations. S&P 500 returns are price returns. P/E is Shiller/CAPE price-to-earnings ratio.





Market internals point to consumer stress; energy breaking out

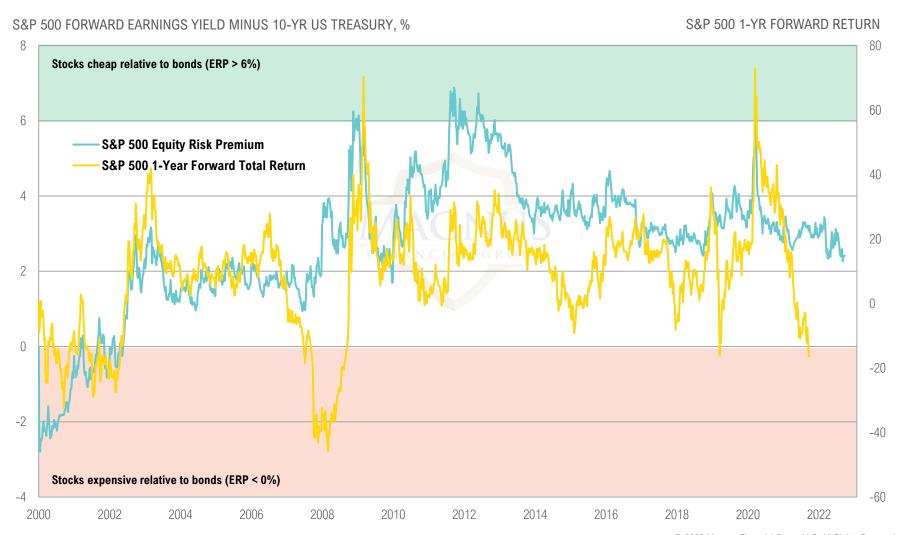








Despite being in a bear market, stocks are arguably less attractively priced vis-àvis bonds than they were coming into the year

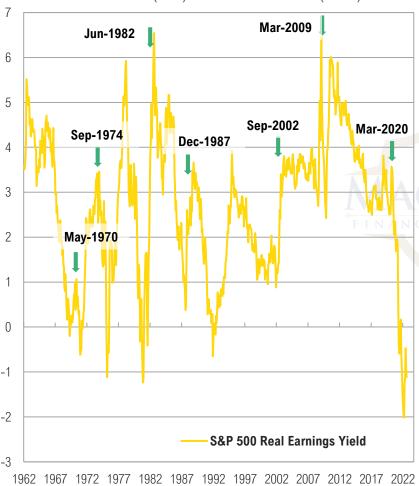


Equity risk premium calculated as S&P 500 earnings yield minus 10-year Treasury vield.

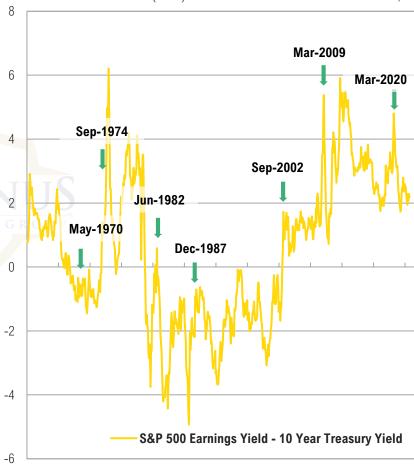


The S&P 500 real earnings yield is still negative and substantially lower than previous bear market lows





S&P 500 EARNINGS YIELD (TTM) MINUS U.S. 10 YR TREASURY YIELD, %



1962 1967 1972 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997 2002 2007 2012 2017 2022

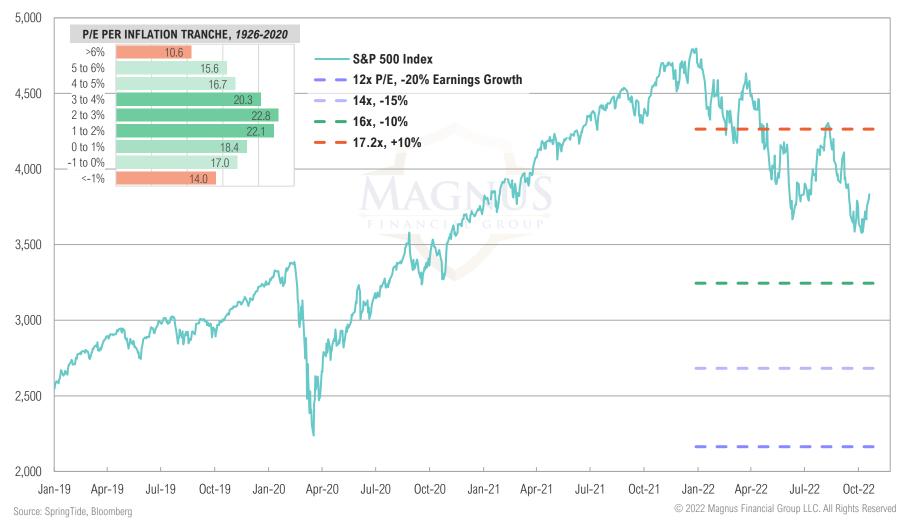
Source: Bloomberg. As at 8/31/2022





Tranching in equities: P/E multiple levels to consider are 16x, 14x, and 12x, applied to various levels of earnings decline





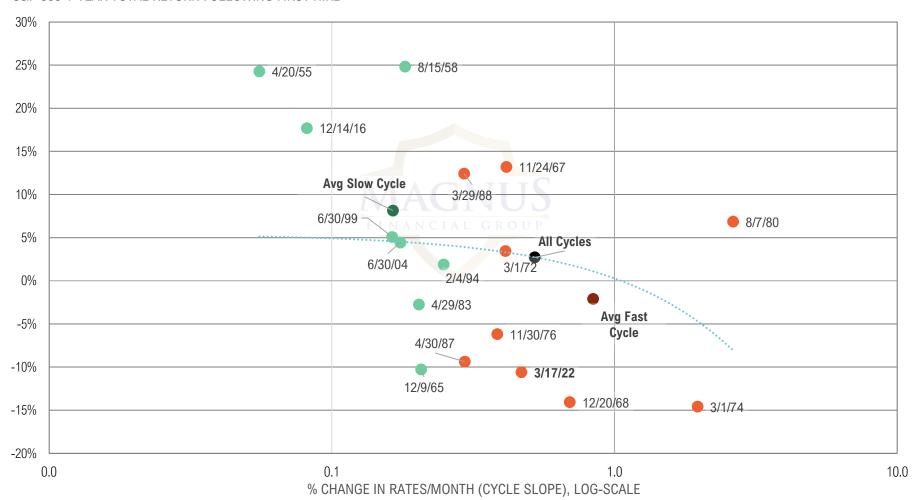
Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





Fast hiking cycles correlate with poor returns following first rate hike; this cycle's hike pace combined with QT make it more restrictive than this chart suggests

S&P 500 1-YEAR TOTAL RETURN FOLLOWING FIRST HIKE



Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide Calculations





Private equity funds have not marked down their portfolios like they did in the GFC

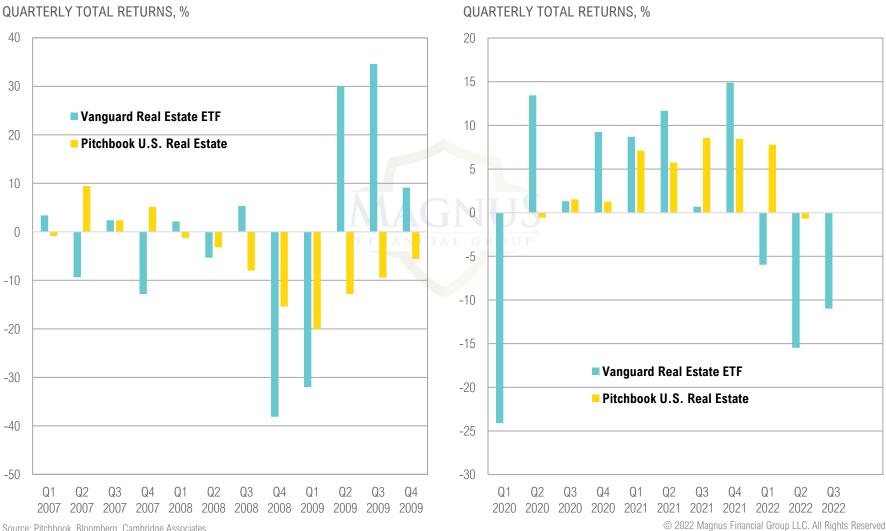


Source: Pitchbook, Bloomberg, Cambridge Associates

2Q 2022 Private Equity Returns use the Cambridge Associates Private Equity Benchmark as of 6/30/2022



The same dynamic is happening in private real estate

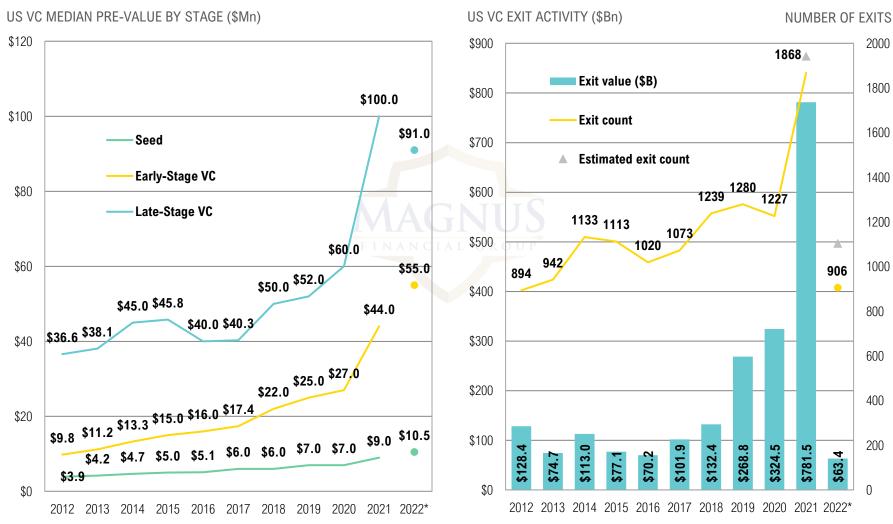


Source: Pitchbook, Bloomberg, Cambridge Associates

2Q 2022 Private Real Estate returns use the Cambridge Associates Real Estate Benchmark as of 6/30/2022



Venture valuations remain high while exits are on pace for lowest year since 2016

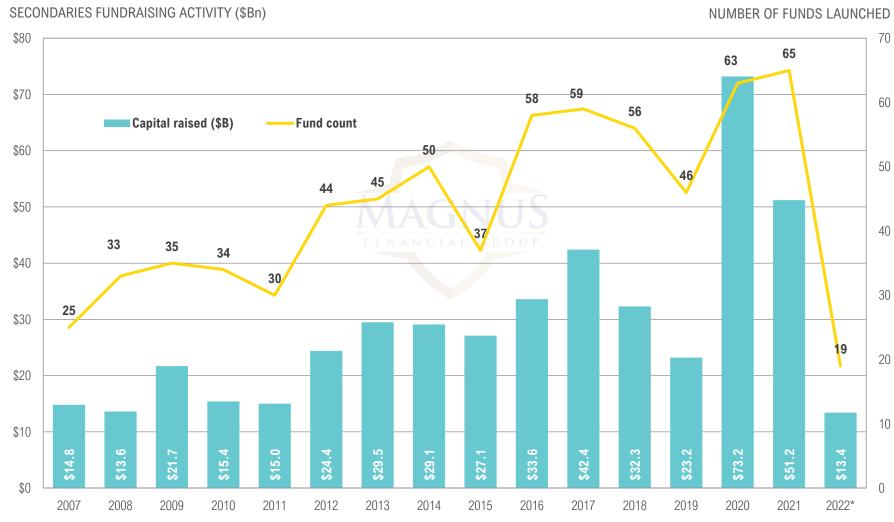


Source: Pitchbook. *As of 9/30/2022





Secondaries fundraising activity on pace for a 10-year low



Source: Pitchbook *As of 6/30/2022

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I trust that many of you are familiar with the story of Peter Pan, in which it says, 'the moment you doubt whether you can fly, you cease forever to be able to do it.

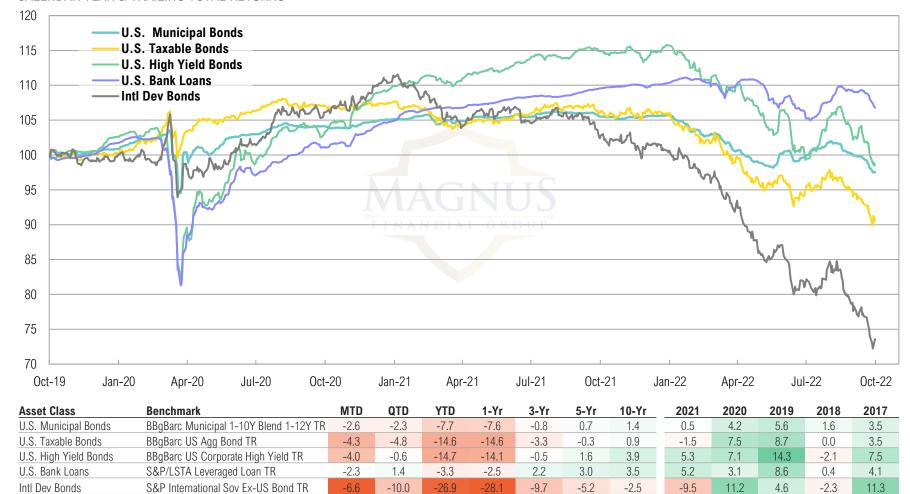
- Haruhiko Kuroda, Bank of Japan governor, February 12, 2016 (describing their unorthodox monetary policy)

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Most U.S. fixed income and credit asset classes were down over the quarter; international developed bonds fared the worst and are now down over the last decade

CALENDAR YEAR & TRAILING TOTAL RETURNS



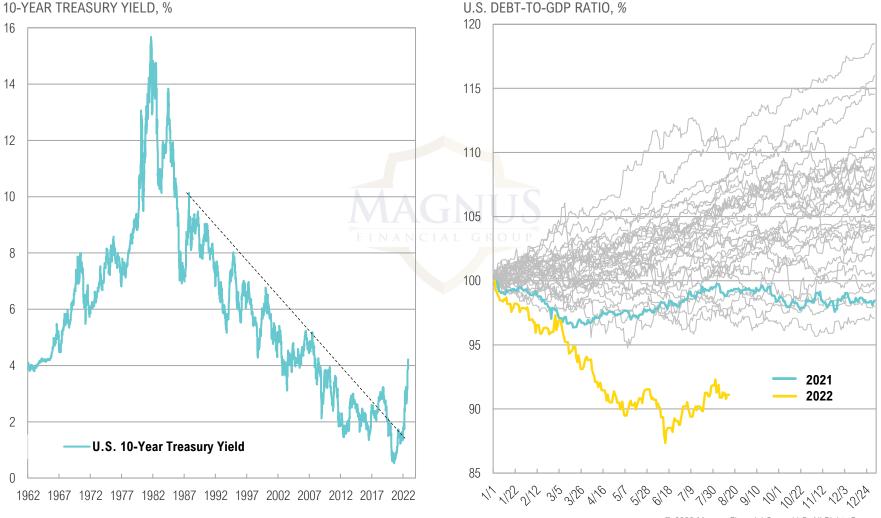
Source: Bloomberg

Returns for periods greater than 1 year are annualized.





The treasury market has been an enabler of increasing deficit spending and debt levels...is it now "Fed up"?

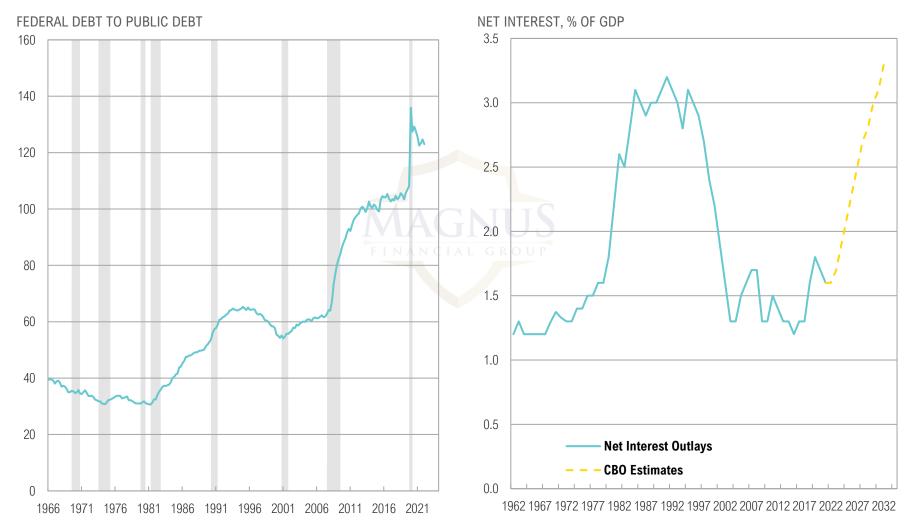


Source: Bloomberg, whitehouse.gov





The treasury market has been an enabler of increasing deficit spending and debt levels...is it now "Fed up"?

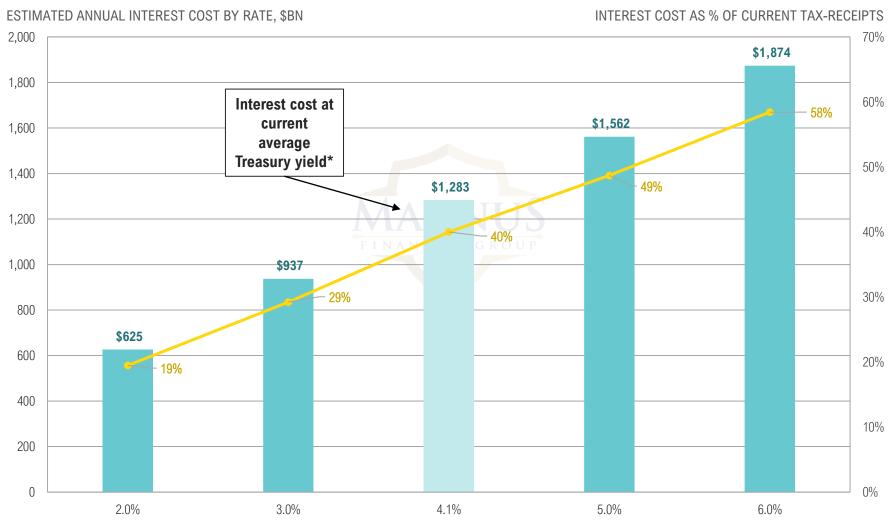


Source: Bloomberg, whitehouse.gov





The treasury market has been an enabler of increasing deficit spending and debt levels...is it now "Fed up"?

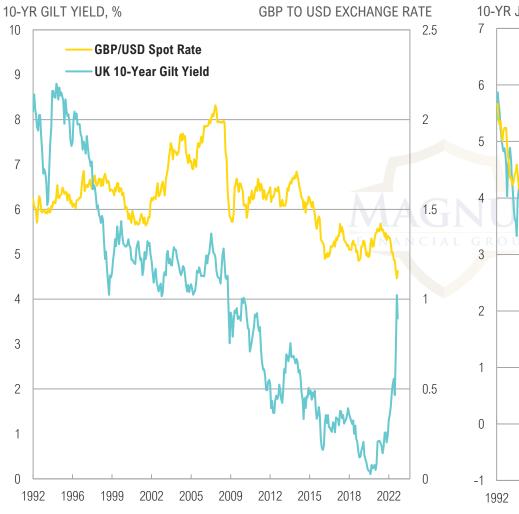


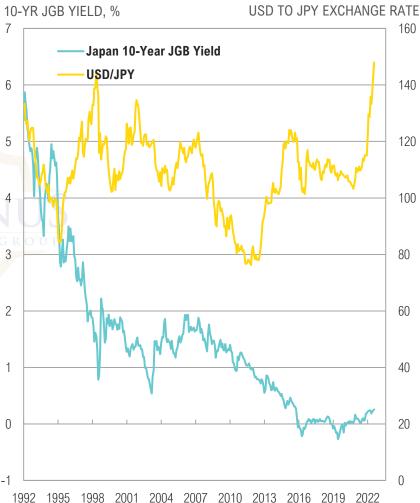
Source: Bloomberg. *Assumes average yield is equal to the 7-year Treasury yield (based on similar weighted average maturity).





Market increasingly punishing policy mistakes, especially when you're not the global reserve currency



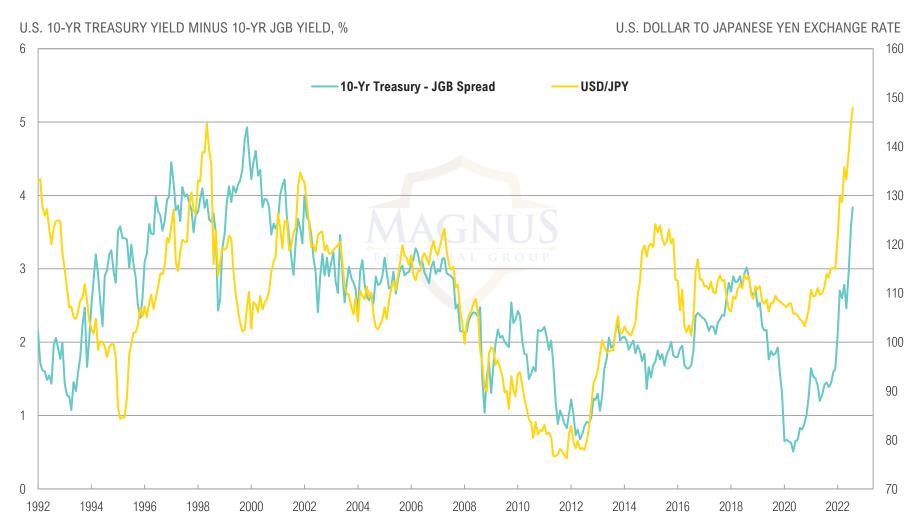


Source: Bloomberg





The yen has weakened to a 20-year low against the dollar as the BOJ continues its infinite QE; US Treasuries remain attractive vs JGB's



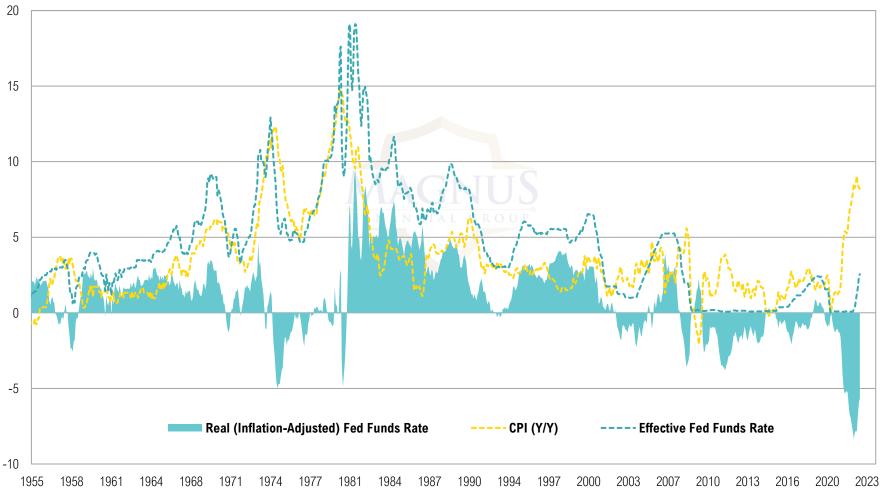
Source: Bloomberg





Context for current monetary policy disaster: the Fed fell so far behind the curve that unless inflation rolled over by itself, they forced themselves to have to hike into an economic slowdown/recession





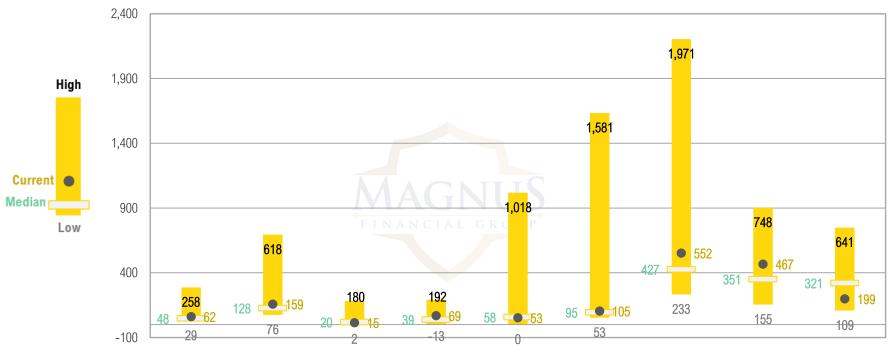
Source: Bloomberg © 2022 Magnus Financial Group LLC. All Rights Reserved





Credit spreads at or modestly above average across most sectors; starting to shift up modestly as recession fears start to become more entrenched

CURRENT CREDIT SPREAD VS. LONG-TERM HIGH/LOW RANGE



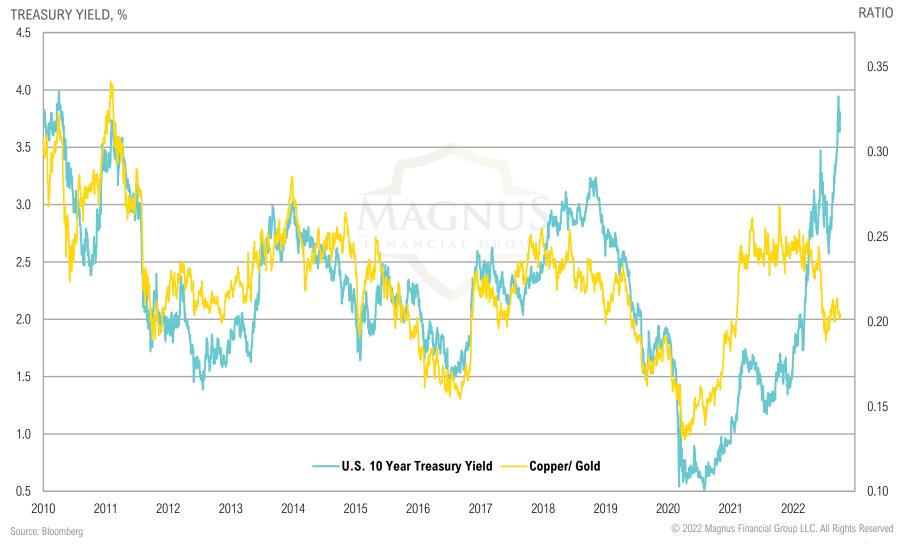
								Emerging	High Yield Muni
	Aggregate	Corporate	Agency	MBS	ABS	CMBS	High Yield	Markets	Spread*
Max Spread Date	12/3/2008	12/3/2008	11/20/2008	12/3/2008	1/6/2009	11/21/2008	12/16/2008	11/28/2008	1/12/2009
Min Spread Date	4/14/2021	3/8/2005	4/19/2021	7/27/2010	10/1/2009	12/8/2004	5/22/2007	5/31/2007	6/11/2007
Spread on 12/31/21	36	92	8	31	38	68	283	330	200
Spread on 12/31/20	42	96	10	39	33	81	360	323	275
Spread on 12/31/19	39	93	10	39	44	72	336	277	223
Spread on 12/31/18	36	93	14	25	36	62	343	311	278

Source: Bloomberg. High Yield Muni Spread data is relative to Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index. Yield spread data is from 2004 – current. As of 9/30/2022





Collapse in copper/gold ratio—a proxy for the real economy vis-à-vis financial assets—suggests Treasury yields may head lower



Q4, 2022 Market Outlook







The U.S. bond market remains relatively higher yield, which could help keep U.S. rates somewhat contained

CENTRAL BANK POLICY RATE & GOVERNMENT BOND YIELDS

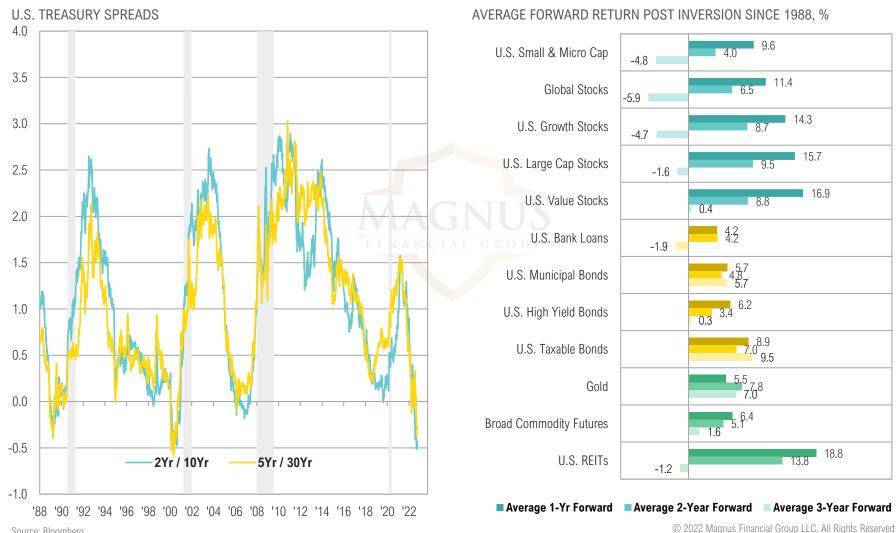
	Central Bank Rate (%)	3 Month (%)	1 Year (%)	2 Year (%)	3 Year (%)	4 Year (%)	5 Year (%)	6 Year (%)	7 Year (%)	10 Year (%)	20 Year (%)	30 Year (%)
Czech Republic	7.00	-	6.83	5.89	5.58	5.44	5.40	5.30	5.29	5.22	5.11	-
Singapore	3.89	3.42	3.29	3.32	-	-	3.51	-	-	3.43	3.25	3.14
Hong Kong	3.50	2.87	3.85	4.03	4.01	-	3.81	-	3.71	3.65	-	
New Zealand	3.50	3.92	-	4.21	-	-	4.24	-	4.23	4.30	4.75	-
Canada	3.25	3.68	4.17	4.08	4.02	3.94	3.57	-	3.47	3.40	3.44	3.27
United States	3.25	3.38	4.18	4.31	4.33	-	4.13	-	4.02	3.88	4.13	3.82
Israel	2.75	1.63	2.96	3.02	3.15	-	3.24	-	-	3.28	-	3.83
Australia	2.60	_	3.12	3.33	3.47	3.55	3.62	3.70	3.78	3.90	4.20	4.14
South Korea	2.50	_	3.40	4.18	4.28	4.31	4.22	-	-	4.22	4.06	3.95
United Kingdom	2.25	2.87	3.78	4.13	4.31	4.44	4.42	4.37	4.41	4.25	4.55	4.38
Italy	1.25	0.92	2.33	2.99	3.41	3.64	3.79	4.00	4.15	4.63	4.62	4.36
Spain	1.25	0.57	2.17	2.15	2.31	2.47	2.70	2.81	2.97	3.36	3.54	3.75
Portugal	1.25	0.33	1.96	2.02	2.19	2.34	2.59	2.71	2.78	3.25	3.54	3.67
France	1.25	0.77	1.83	1.82	2.06	2.14	2.27	2.39	2.49	2.77	3.08	2.99
Belgium	1.25	0.88	1.87	1.88	1.97	2.12	2.29	2.40	2.49	2.83	3.20	-
Germany	1.25	0.75	1.68	1.85	1.80	1.86	2.04	2.00	2.04	2.18	2.23	2.12
Austria	1.25	-	1.64	1.91	2.08	2.30	2.37	2.62	2.58	2.84	2.99	2.86
Netherlands	1.25	0.62	-	1.83	1.94	2.05	2.17	2.24	2.30	2.50	2.57	2.37
Ireland	1.25	0.70	1.26	-	1.91	2.03	2.23	2.36	2.40	2.72	3.03	3.00
Thailand	1.00	-	1.61	1.82	-	-	2.62	-	2.87	2.95	3.83	-
Switzerland	0.50	0.40	1.10	0.57	0.74	0.84	1.00	1.12	1.15	1.28	1.19	1.17
Japan	(0.10)	(0.27)	(0.12)	(0.07)	(0.05)	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.19	0.24	0.97	1.36

Source: Bloomberg





Yield curve inversion signaling slowing growth; risky assets can generate strong short-term returns post inversion, but we don't like "pennies in front of steam roller trades"



Average forward returns exclude 1988 for US Municipal Bonds, US Bank Loans, US REITS and Broad Commodity Futures due data availability





Historically, high yield spreads above 6% have resulted in above average forward returns; high yield spread currently trading at 5.0%

BLOOMBERG U.S. CORPORATE HIGH YIELD OPTION-ADJUSTED SPREAD (%)



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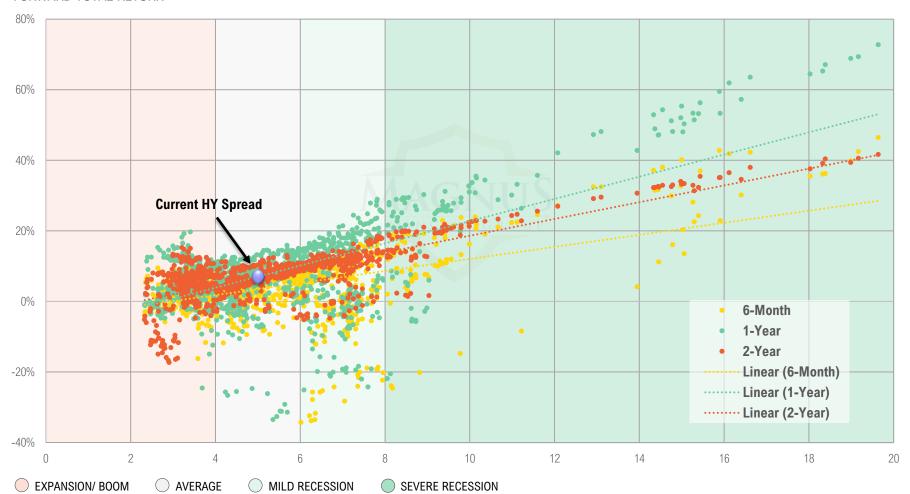
Source: Bloomberg





Historically, high yield spreads above 6% have resulted in above average forward returns; high yield spread currently trading at 5.0%

FORWARD TOTAL RETURN

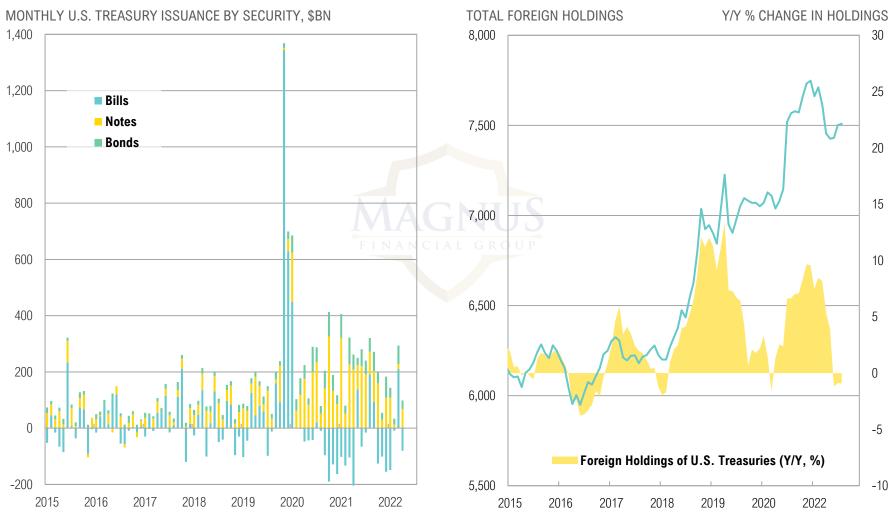


Source: Bloomberg, SpringTide





Q4 net issuance expected to be \$400Bn



Source: Bloomberg. Foreign holdings as of 8/31/2022.





The supply chain is slowly improving, but it's still far from prepandemic levels. We still see significant lead times for electrical equipment, heavy industrial items and refined petroleum products. Labor shortages will continue to drive up wages as competition for skilled workers continues to increase. There simply are not enough skilled workers for the positions available.

- Dallas Fed Oil & Gas Survey, September 2022

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While energy gave back returns in September, it was the only area of the real assets and infrastructure category to be up in Q3; REITs continue to struggle in the rising rate environment

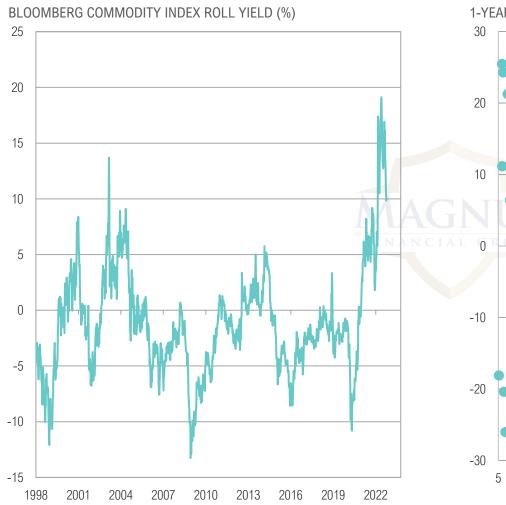
CALENDAR YEAR & TRAILING TOTAL RETURNS 200 U.S. REITs Ex U.S. Real Estate Securities 180 **Commodity Futures** Midstream Energy 160 Gold 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 Jan-20 Jan-21 Apr-21 Apr-22 Oct-19 Apr-20 Jul-20 Oct-20 Jul-21 Oct-21 Jan-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 QTD **YTD** 2018 2017 **Asset Class** Benchmark **MTD** 1-Yr 3-Yr 5-Yr 10-Yr 2021 2020 2019 U.S. REITs MSCLUS REIT NR -12.3 -10.3 -17.5 -3.1 1.7 4.9 41.7 -8.7 24.3 -5.8 3.7 Ex U.S. Real Estate Securities S&P Global Ex US REIT TR -13.6 -13.0 -30.1 -26.7 -9.0 -2.2 2.0 13.5 -9.3 24.7 -6.5 16.7 -8.1 13.6 13.5 -2.1 7.7 -11.2 Broad Commodity Futures Bloomberg Commodity TR -4.1 11.8 7.0 27.1 -3.1 1.7 **Energy Partnerships** Alerian MLP TR 18.9 19.6 4.5 40.2 -28.7 6.6 -12.4 -6.5 -7.6 8.1 1.9 0.7 -7.8 4.0 24.2 18.8 Gold LBMA Gold Price AM -2.3 -8.1 -3.45.4 -0.6 -3.8 -1.1 11.9

Source: Bloomberg. Returns for periods greater than 1 year are annualized.

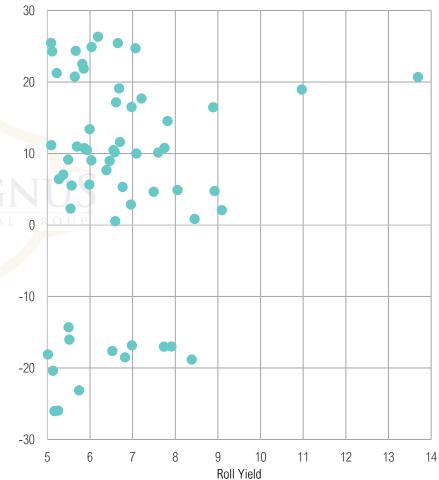




Commodity roll yield suggests very tight global commodity markets, potential for strong forward returns (but obviously with risks)





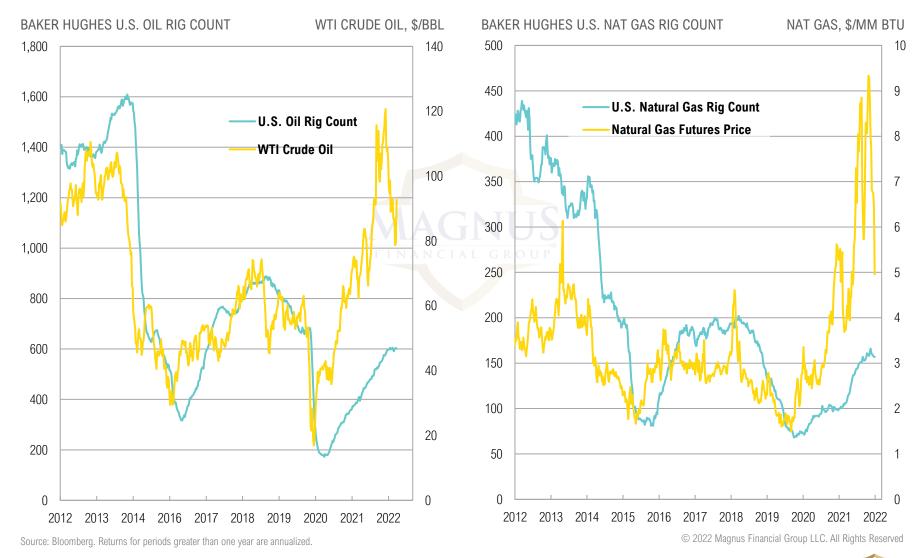


Source: Bloomberg. As of 10/7/2022





Oil and natural gas producers have been cautious to bring rigs back online despite rising prices



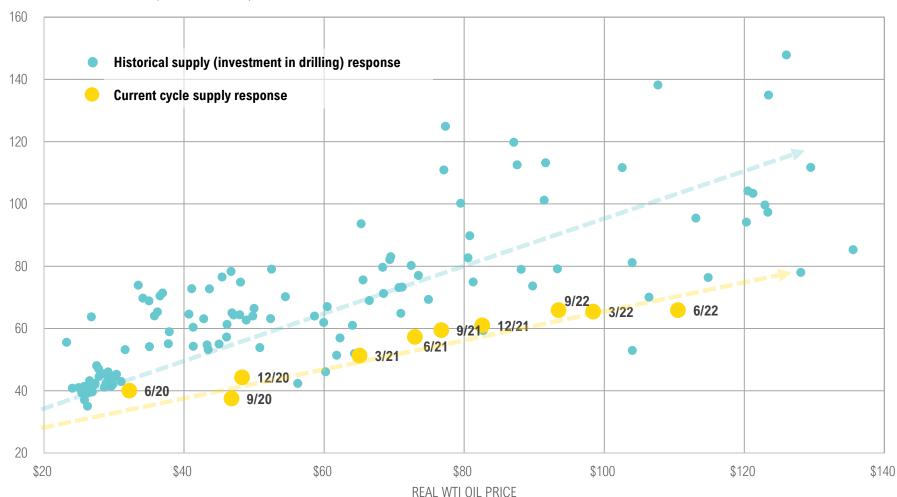
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Since COVID, drilling capex levels have been near the bottom of a 65-year range

INVESTMENT IN DRILLING, REAL \$BN/QTR, 1958-PRESENT



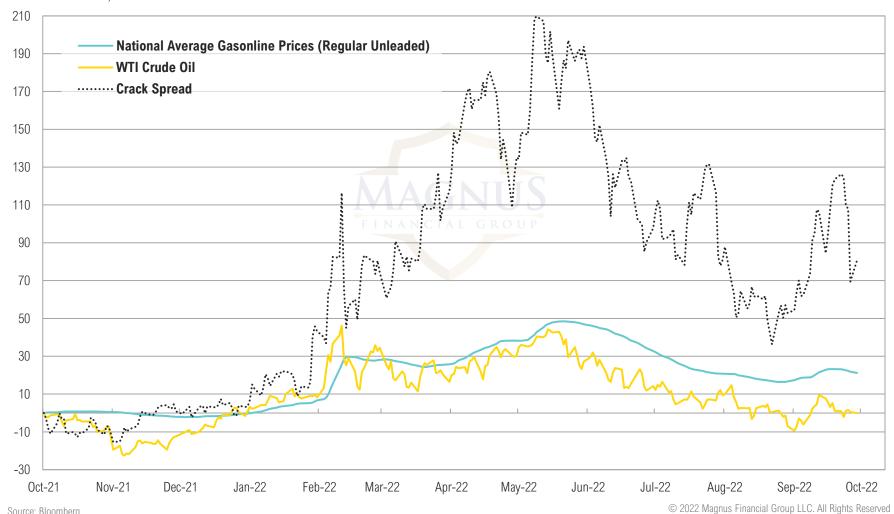
Source: St. Louis Fed, Recurrent Investment Advisors





Gasoline prices are down ~25% since peaking at over \$5/gal in June, but with gasoline futures up 25% since September low, >15% in October, and end of SPR dump looming, prices will likely increase from here

PRICE % CHANGE, 10/26/21 - 10/24/22

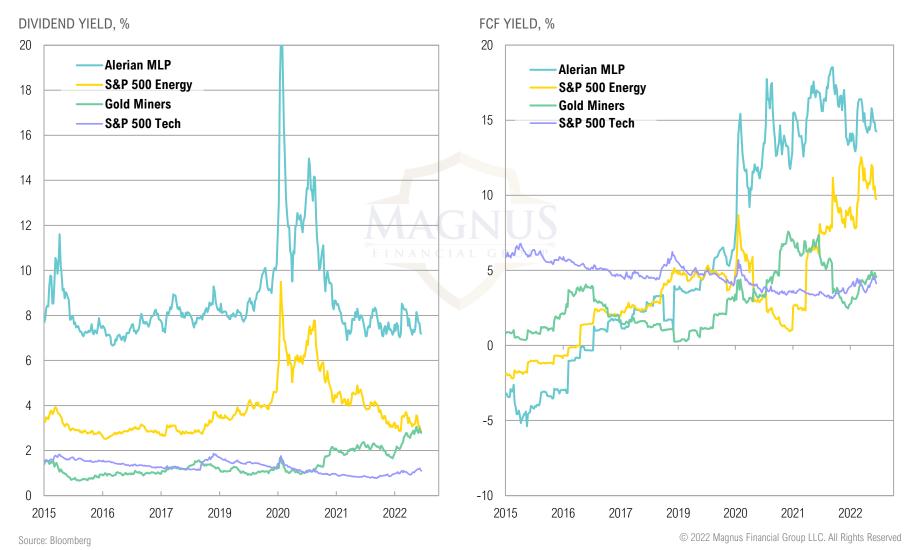


Q4. 2022 Market Outlook

Source: Bloomberg



Midstream distribution yields trending lower as sector breaks out to upside but remain relatively attractive, free cash flow yields of energy sector remain attractive

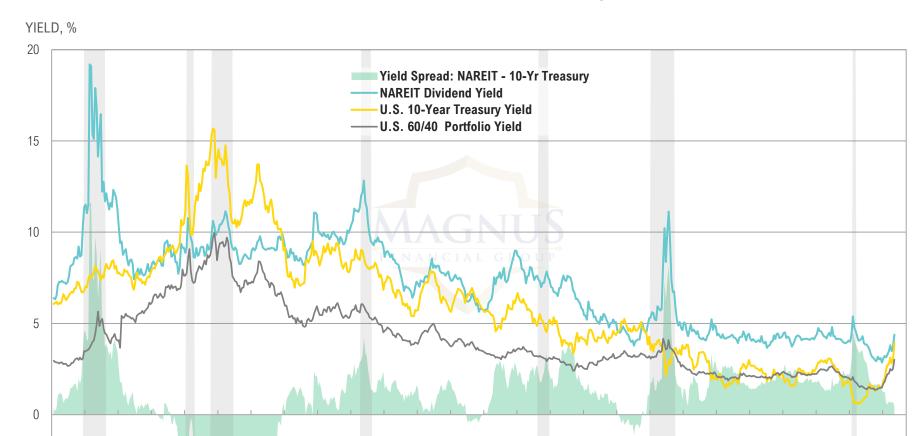


Q4. 2022 Market Outlook





Even after -30% year-to-date returns, REIT yields are wholly unattractive on a relative basis and near lowest levels in history on an absolute basis

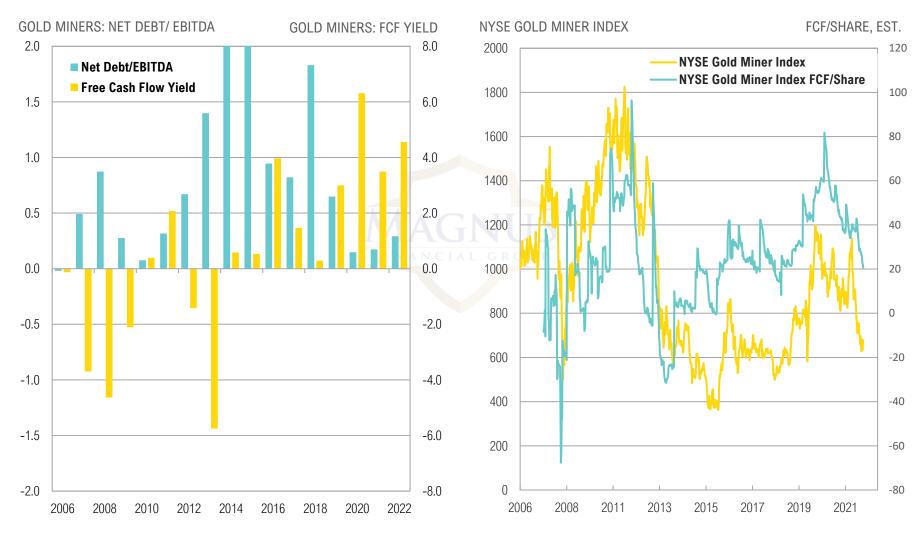


1972 1974 1976 1978 1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 Source: Bloomberg, NAREIT.

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Gold miners have been trying to catch up to improved cash flows, but risk remains that further gold price declines hurt future free cash flow yields



Source: Bloomberg, VanEck, SpringTide estimates. Gold miner net debt/EBITDA as of 10/26/2022. FCF/Share data are Bloomberg best calculated.





Spec positioning in gold futures suggests markets are nearing capitulation, which has generally resulted in above-average forward returns



Source: Bloomberg





I was born for a storm, and a calm does not suit me.

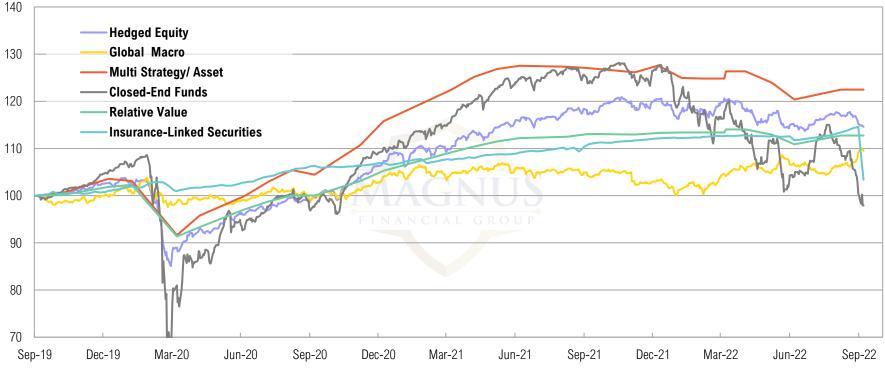
- Andrew Jackson, American lawyer, Planter, General, and Seventh president of the United States from 1829 to 1837





Insurance-linked securities was the worst performing opportunistic asset class in Q3 as hurricane lan threatens heavy losses; global macro is the only positive asset class YTD

CALENDAR YEAR & TRAILING TOTAL RETURNS



Asset Class	Benchmark	MTD	QTD	YTD	1-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Hedged Equity	HFRX Equity Hedge Index	-2.0	-0.1	-4.8	-2.3	4.7	2.8	3.2	12.1	4.6	10.7	-9.4	10.0
Global Macro	HFRX Macro-CTA Index	3.0	2.7	6.1	5.2	3.1	2.7	1.1	-0.8	4.3	4.8	-3.2	2.5
Multi Strategy/ Asset	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index	N/A	1.7	-4.0	-3.6	7.0	5.0	4.9	10.2	11.8	10.4	-4.7	8.6
Relative Value	HFRI Relative Value Index	N/A	1.7	-0.5	-0.3	4.1	3.7	4.3	7.6	3.4	7.4	-0.4	5.1
Closed-End Funds	S-Network Composite Closed-End Index	-10.6	-5.9	-23.2	-20.9	-0.7	1.5	4.5	7.4	-3.7	15.1	-15.3	6.3
Insurance-Linked Securities	SwissRe Global Cat Bond Index	-8.8	-7.5	-7.8	-6.8	1.1	2.7	4.0	4.9	5.8	4.6	2.5	0.5

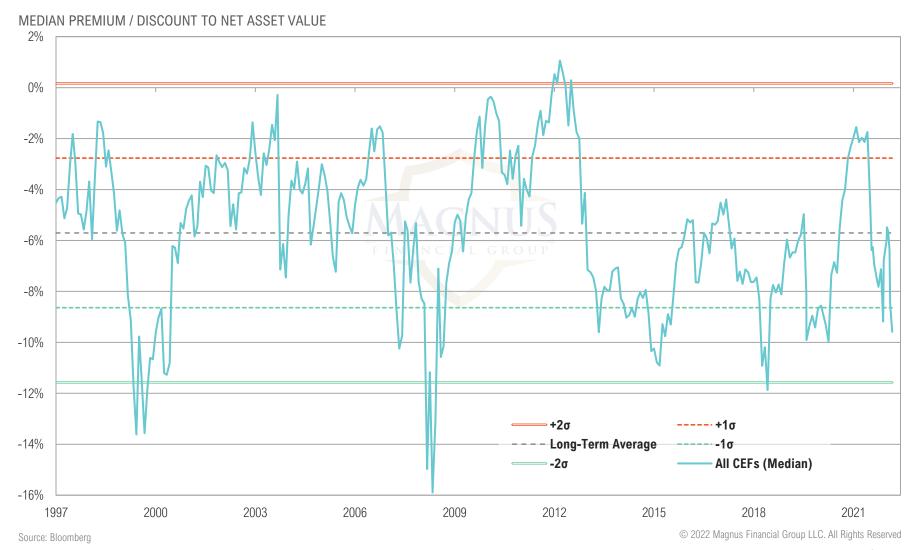
Source: Bloombei

Due to reporting lag, Multi Strategy and Relative Value trailing return data in the table above is lagged by 1 month. Returns for periods greater than 1 year are annualized.

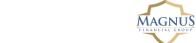




CEF discounts have widened significantly from -6.4% in August to -9.6% in September; U.S. taxable bonds are trading at widest discount since 2018



Q4, 2022 Market Outlook





Markets tend to return to the mean over time

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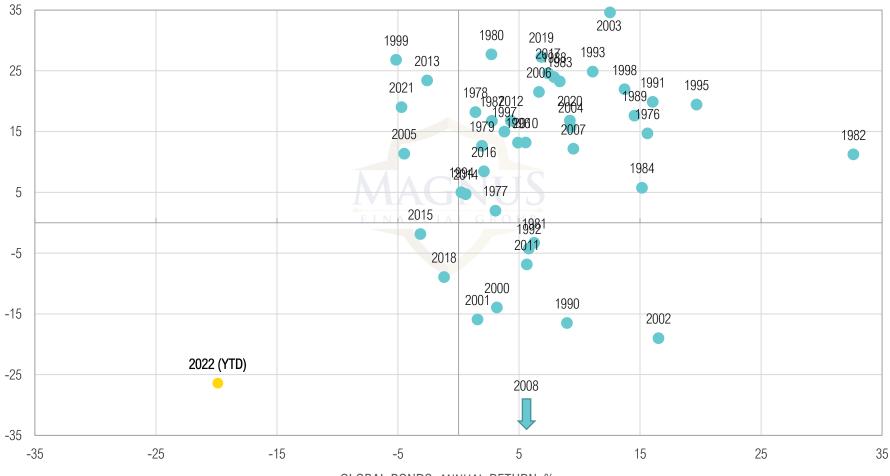
- Bob Farrell, Merrill Lynch Strategist and Market Historian (Bob Farrell's 10 Rules)





2021 was an unusual year for global stocks and bonds, 2022 even more so; again, highlighting the unusual predicament the Fed is in





GLOBAL BONDS: ANNUAL RETURN, %

Source: Bloomberg. Global Stocks are represented by MSCI ACWI Index (1988-2022) and the MSCI World Index (1976-1987). Global Bonds are represented by Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index (1991-2022) and Bloomberg US Agg Bond Index (1976-1990).

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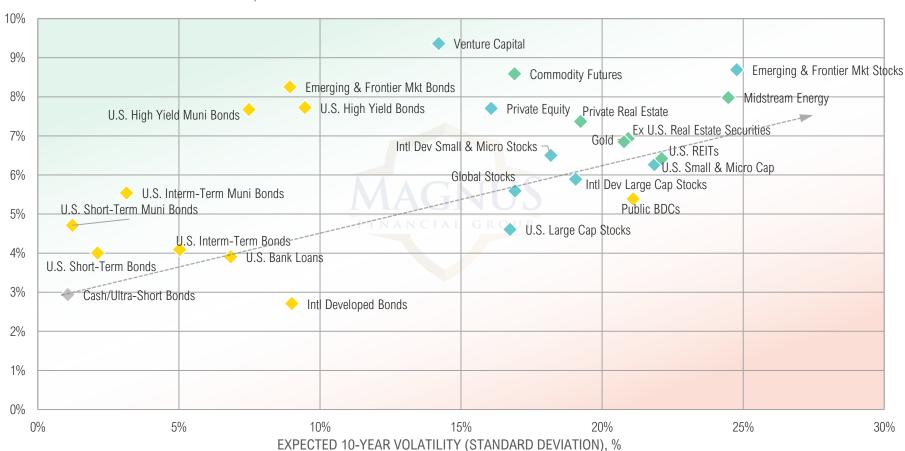
Q4. 2022 Market Outlook

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Expected 10-year returns for fixed income assets rose substantially as yields continued to rise throughout the quarter

EXPECTED 10-YEAR GROSS TOTAL RETURN, %



³ Estimated returns include impact of currency adjustment

Source: Bloomberg, CA, Pitchbook, Morningstar, NAREIT, SpringTide calculations

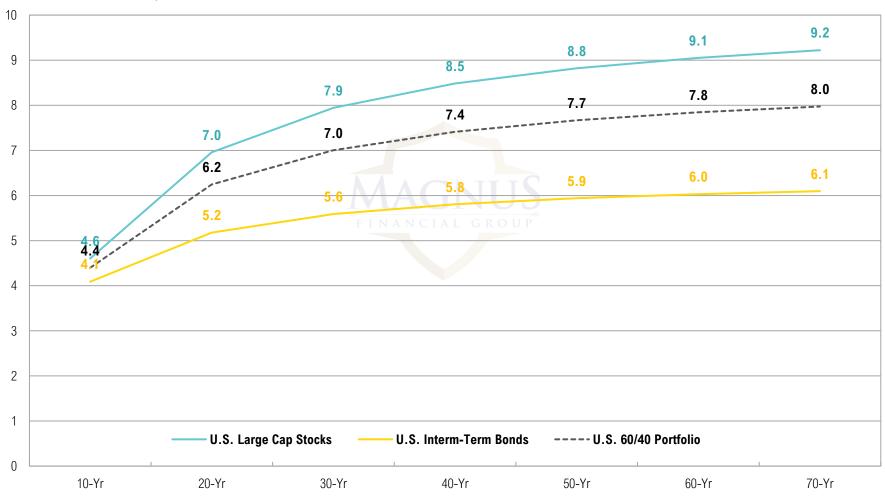


[†] Reported on a taxable-equivalent basis assuming 35% marginal tax rate.



Fixed income returns saw sizable improvements over shorter time periods and now offer similar returns to U.S. Large Cap Stocks over 10 years (pre-inflation, which is big unknown)

EXPECTED TOTAL RETURN, % ANNUALIZED

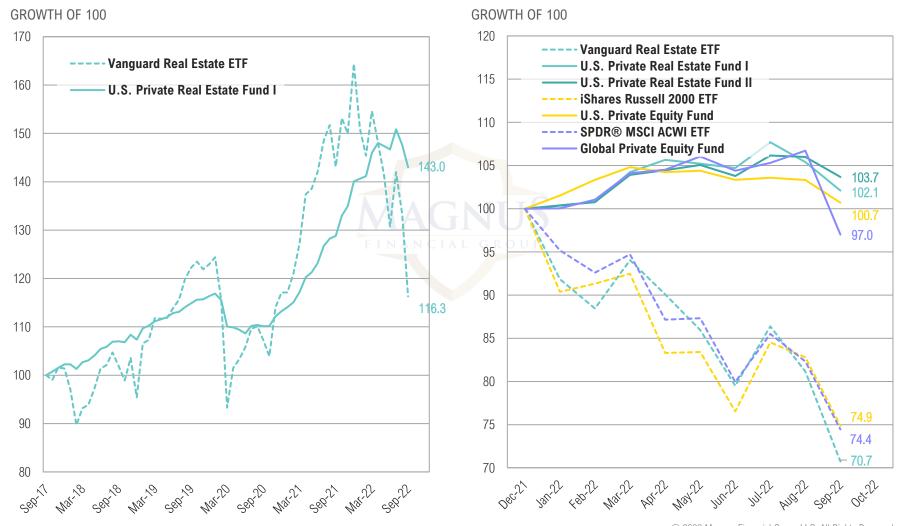


Source: Bloomberg, CA, Pitchbook, Morningstar, NAREIT, SpringTide calculations





Private market interval funds have significantly outperformed their passive investable benchmarks YTD as net-asset-values yet to catch down to reality



Source: Bloomberg. As of 9/30/2022



APPENDIX 1: ASSET CLASS DEFINITIONS

ASSET CLASS BENCHMARKS

Asset class performance was measured using the following benchmarks:

U.S. Large Cap Stocks: S&P 500 TR Index

U.S. Small & Micro Cap Stocks: Russell 2000 TR Index

Intl Dev Large Cap Stocks: MSCI EAFE GR Index

Intl Dev Small & Micro Stocks: MSCI EAFE GR Index

Emerging & Frontier Market Stocks: MSCI Emerging Markets GR Index

Global Stocks: MSCI ACWI GR Index

Private Equity: Cambridge Associates U.S. Private Equity

Venture Capital: Cambridge Associates U.S. Venture Capital

U.S. Interm-Term Muni Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays 1-10 (1-12 Yr) Muni Bond TR

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U.S. High Yield Muni Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays High Yield Muni TR Index

U.S. Interm-Term Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond TR Index

U.S. High Yield Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield TR Index

U.S. Bank Loans: S&P/LSTA U.S. Leveraged Loan Index

Intl Developed Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index

Emerging & Frontier Market Bonds: JPMorgan EMBI Global Diversified TR Index

Public BDCs: S&P BDC Index

U.S. REITs: MSCI U.S. REIT GR Index

Ex U.S. Real Estate Securities: S&P Global Ex-U.S. Property TR Index

Private Real Estate: Cambridge Associates Real Estate
Commodity Futures: Bloomberg Commodity TR Index

Midstream Energy: Alerian MLP TR Index

Gold: LBMA Gold Price

Long-Short Equity: HFRI Equity Hedge Index

Global Macro: HFRI Macro-CTA Index

Relative Value: HFRI Relative Value Index

Closed-End Funds: S-Network Composite Closed-End TR Index
Insurance-Linked Securities: SwissRe Global Cat Bond TR Index

Digital Assets: MVIS CryptoCompare Digital Assets 25 Index

Cash & Cash Equivalents: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. T-Bill 1-3 Month TR Index **U.S. Short-Term Muni Bonds:** Bloomberg Barclays Municipal 1-3 Yr TR Index

U.S. Short-Term Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Agg 1-3 Yr TR Index

U.S. 60/40 : 60% S&P 500 TR Index 40% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond TR

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Global 60/40: 60% MSCI ACWI GR Index 40% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate

Bond TR Index



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